CARNRICK'S

SOLUBLE FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk and agrees with all Infants and Children.

THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the Child without the addition of Cow's Milk.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28650—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1892.

BEST CLARETS.

We have been Bordeaux shippers since 1815.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
15-0	8-8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	15-0	8-8
11-0	6-8		11-0	6-8
25-0	13-8	Dinner—La Rose and St. Julien	25-0	13-8
22-0	12-0		22-0	12-0
37-8	19-12	After Dinner—Chateau Lafite	37-8	19-12

For Prices of Whiskies, Ports, Liqueurs, &c., send for our Illustrated Catalogue.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday.
B.L. PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	30th Jan.
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weigholl	6th Feb.
B.L. THAMES	4078	800	W. A. Seaton	13th "
† RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	20th "
B.L. ROME	4011	1000	A. S. Danigi	27th "
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weigholl	5th Mar.
B.L. KHEDIVE	3868	600	L. H. Moule	12th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th "
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3013	600	R. Harvey	26th "
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weigholl	2nd Apr.
B.L. CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	9th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	16th "
B.L. CLYDE	4138	800	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weigholl	30th "
B.L. PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	7th May.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	14th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	4972	1000	E. Stewart	21st "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	Tuesday, 5 p.m.,
SHANNON	4077	800	C. Edwards	22nd Mar.
PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th April.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	About
ROHILLA	3387	700	C. S. Tocue	28th Jan.
CLYDE	4138	800	J. L. Parfitt	11th Feb.
PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	25th "
MALWA	2270	500	C. Preston	10th Mar.
RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	24th "
SURAT	3142	550	R. Sleeman	7th Apl.
THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	21st "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, January 11th, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
11th February. 10th March.
7th April. 5th May.

For particular regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Jan. 6, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bochtinger	4,680	750	1st February.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,680	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bochtinger	4,600	750	1st April
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bochtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:

	1st Class,	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above Rates include Wine or Beer supplied at Meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

Passengers and their baggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's Steam Launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
ELEKTRA	C. Bollen	3,800	550	22nd March.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	500	8th Feb.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Samarang and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., Apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Jan. 25, 1892.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA SEYNE will LEAVE Bombay on 12th February, 1892, at 3 p.m., FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian Steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

"A Steam launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey the passengers on board the Steamer."

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

"MAC IVER" LINE.

THE following STEAMERS will sail from BOMBAY for PLYMOUTH or LIVERPOOL as under, unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances:—

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	
EUROPA	2300	H. Agnew	Middle February.
ETOLIA* †	3139	R. Jones	Late February.
IONIA*†	3330	E. Boyle	Middle March.
LYCIA*	3139	R. Fletcher	Late April.
NIAGARA*	3100	J. McConochie	Late April.
EUROPA	2300	H. Agnew	Middle May.
ETOLIA*	3100	R. Jones	Late May.

* Carries both Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted with Electric Light.

† Has a Smoking Room, a Ladies' Saloon, and Upper Deck Cabins.

First-class Passenger Accommodation at Reduced Rates. Fares: Rs. 358 to Rs. 450. Passengers landing at Plymouth are given 1st Class Railway Tickets to London at 2nd Class Fares.

For further particulars, apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, 19th January, 1892.

THE BOMBAY-LONDON S. S. COMPANY.

Steamers.	Tons.	Will sail
*ANNIE BARROW	3985	3rd Week in Feby. for London.
MARY BEYTS	3730	1st " in March, "
*MINNA CRAIG	4700	3rd " " "
†QUEEN OF INDIA	3691	1st " in April, "

† Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

* Have Passenger Cabins and Saloon amidship.

These Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have every Accommodation for First Class Passengers. All Cabins are on Upper Deck.

For full particulars apply to

BEYTS, CRAIG & Co.,
Sirdar's Palaces, Bombay.

Bombay, January 18th, 1892.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE, KATHIAWAR PORTS, AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 867 tons, on 30th January, at 10 a.m.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 27th January, at noon, calling at Verawul, Mangrol, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,615 tons, on the 31st January, at 11 a.m., or after arrival of incoming English Mail steamer, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,271 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 28th January, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 26th January, 1892. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1892.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured a very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished and very facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on approved security. Letters of Credits and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES arranged at current rates, and addresses in connection with the same registered with Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. *free of charge.*

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward-bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.,
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	27th Jany.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	6th Feby.
ASIA	3560	J. Laird	26th Feb.
BRITANNIA	3039	J. Brown	5th March.
ARABIA	3544	C. Hillcoat	19th March.
ARMENIA	3393	Geo. Read	1st April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	16th April.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, January 21, 1892.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission.* Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. "Grindlay's Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.
GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail
HISPANIA	S. Abrey	3380	27th Jan. 1892

THIS STEAMER will Sail punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First-Class Passengers.

Passengers by this STEAMER only will be booked at the following reduced rate:—

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES....Rs. 300.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

For further Particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

TO SHIPS' CAPTAINS.

WHILE in PORT see that your CHRONOMETERS are ACCURATE.

CHRONOMETERS thoroughly cleaned, Compensated or rated by the finest, most exprienced practical European Assistants in India, and in the shortest possible time.

Rates supplied and perfect Accuracy Guaranteed Special terms to Shipping Companies and Agents.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
WATCH, CLOCK, and CHRONOMETER MAKERS,
43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY, and at POONA.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5, Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and sozing of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge, under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

TREACHER'S

PHŒNIX BRAND,
HIGHLAND MALT WHISKEY.

THIS genuine Malt Spirit was for many years imported direct by a few Gentlemen of Bombay for their own Consumption, and attained a very considerable private reputation. The suggestion was made to Treacher & Co., Ld., that they should give this Whiskey a trial, and importations were then made. Its introduction into the Indian Market was attended with the most favourable results, it being very highly spoken of by everyone. It has continued to grow in favour, and is now regularly supplied to a large number of Clubs, Messes, and Private Consumers. Treacher's Highland Malt Whiskey is the sole production of a very old Distillery in the Highlands, which confines itself entirely to the distillation of this fine Spirit. Before being bottled, it is allowed to mature in Wood for some years until it has acquired an agreeable odour, and a delicious, full mellow flavour much appreciated by Connoisseurs.

NOTE.—Purchasers of Treacher's Highland Malt Whiskey should observe that each Label and Capsule contains both the Company's Trade Mark, and the Words "Phœnix Brand" stamped thereon.

Cash Price, Rs. 27: Credit, Rs. 30 per doz.

Owing to DECLINE in EXCHANGE the above prices are advanced 5 Per Cent. from the 21st. instant.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

The "Cream of Scotch Whiskies," and has an enormous sale.

PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.
PHILLIPS & Co's "FERRINTOSH" WHISKY.

Guaranteed Pure and Wholesome, and of delicate Fragrance.

Chemists, Wine, and General Merchants. } PHILLIPS & CO., Ld. { BOMBAY & POONA.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND CO.

IN soliciting orders, we beg to inform our constituents that this Department is Superintended by a First-Class London Shirt Cutter. Gentlemen may rely on a perfect fitting Shirt.

MADE TO MEASURE, OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

THE NEW OATMEAL CLOTH.
Makes Grand Tennis Shirts, or for General Wear.
6 for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs.
Six for Rs. 25.

SHIRTS.
Collars attached.
Pure Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collars.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
The best Oxford Cloth, with Collars attached.
Six for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
French Cambric, newest Paris designs.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
White Saxony Flannel, for Cricketing or Lawn-Tennis, well shrunk.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Silk and Wool; Delightfully cool; in White and Fancy Patterns.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Plain, Fancy Wove Flannels.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Unshrinkable Flannel.
Each, Rs. 7-8.

THORPE & CO., {SHIRT-MAKERS,} BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 ins.
Height, including stopper, 11 ins.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

NOTICE.

UNCLAIMED WATCHES.

THE WATCHES mentioned in the following List having been left for repairs during the last few years at our Establishment in Bombay, WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that unless the same are claimed by the rightful Owners, on or before the 1st of March, 1892, WE CANNOT ACCEPT FURTHER RESPONSIBILITY for their RETURN, and after that date we shall decline to entertain any application concerning them:—

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
C. MARCKS,
Managing Director.

SILVER WATCHES.

DESCRIPTION OF WATCH.	NAME.	DATE.
Open-faced Key-winding Lever, Plain Case	Mr. Jones	10th May, 1877.
Half-Hunting do. do Enamelled Figures	" T. H. Sealy	19th September, 1877.
Hunting Keyless Lever, Engine-turned Cases	" H. C. Dutt	24th August, 1882.
Crystal-faced Key-winding Lever do.	" T. Mullone	1st October, 1883.
Open-faced do. Cylinder do.	" E. Spence	31st March, 1884.
Hunting do. Lever do.	Lieut. Spring	8th July, 1885.
Open-faced do. do. Plain Cases	Mr. T. Ward	8th October, 1885.
Do. do. Engine-turned Cases	Sergt. H. Smith	13th September, 1889.
Crystal-faced Keyless do. do.	Mr. A. Guillermo	2nd January, 1890.

METAL WATCHES.

Crystal-faced Key-winding Lever, Black Dial	Capt. C. Yates	18th March, 1881.
Double Crystal Keyless Cylinder, Gilt Case	Mr. Young	14th July, 1885.
Crystal-faced Key-winding do. do.	Ali Tala	4th February, 1887.
Do. Keyless do. Plain Case	Yeggian Iyet	16th October, 1888.
Do. do. Enamelled Case	Mr. J. J. Walmsley	10th May, 1889.

Owners of these Watches are requested to make an early Application to

MESSRS. MARCKS AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LADIES' SUN

MELTONS, HELMETS, TERAI, prettily trimmed with handsome Gold and Silver Puggaries at HALF REGULAR PRICES. Also Ladies' Cloth Travelling Caps, Re. 1-8 each.

WATSON & Co., Church Gate Street.

THE EDINA BLEND
OF
FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES.

THE supreme excellence of this Spirit cannot fail to impress the most captious Critic. Its delicate homogeneous flavour and fragrance result from original fine quality perfected by the maturing influences of age; and will be pronounced without equal in any SCOTCH WHISKY hitherto imported. A comparison is invited with the Brands now in the Market.

Per Dozen, Rs. 24.

KEMP & CO., LD.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

J. NEUBERG'S
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

FRESH STOCK of all kinds of INDIAN CIGARS and CHEROOTS just opened out, SPECIALLY MANUFACTURED to my order of a quality VERY RARELY EQUALLED but NEVER EXCELLED. Comparison with any other brands CONFIDENTLY INVITED as regards QUALITY, FINISH, and PRICE.

In addition to the above I would also recommend my "SPOTTED DOGS," which are rapidly becoming the CIGARS OF THE DAY in all the leading Clubs, the demand for them increasing largely wherever they are known.

LATEST GENERAL CATALOGUE FORWARDED ON APPLICATION TO

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY PLATES.

STOCKED BY MESSRS. TREACHER & Co.

Sizes	4¼ — 3¼	5 — 4	6½ — 4¼	8½ — 6½	10 — 8	12 — 10
Thomas's Extra Rapid—						
Cash Rs.	1- 2	1-12	2- 8	4-12	7- 4	11- 0
Credit "	1- 4	2- 0	2-12	5- 4	8- 0	12- 8
Thomas's Thickly-coated Landscape—						
Cash "	1- 8	..	3- 8	5-12	9- 4	14- 0
Credit "	1-10	..	4- 0	6- 4	10- 8	16- 0
Ilford Yellow (Ordinary)—						
Cash "	0-14	1- 8	1-14	3- 8	6- 8	10- 4
Credit "	1- 0	1-10	2- 2	4- 0	7- 4	11- 0
Ilford White (Rapid)—						
Cash "	1- 2	1-10	2- 6	4- 8	8- 0	12- 0
Credit "	1- 4	1-14	2-10	5- 0	9- 0	12- 8
Ilford Red (Special)—						
Cash "	1- 4	..	3- 0	6- 0	11- 0	14- 8
Credit "	1- 7	..	3- 6	7- 0	12- 0	16- 4
Marion's Britannia—						
Cash "	1- 4	1-14	2-12	5- 4	9- 4	12- 8
Credit "	1- 6	2- 2	2- 6	6- 0	10- 4	14- 0
Wratten & Wainwright's (Ordinary)—						
Cash "	..	..	..	3- 6	6- 8	.. ..
Credit "	..	..	..	3-10	7- 4	.. ..
Wratten & Wainwright's (Instantaneous)—						
Cash "	1- 8	2- 4	3- 4	6- 8	9-12	15- 8
Credit "	1-12	2- 8	3-12	7- 4	10-12	17- 3
Wratten & Wainwright's Drop Shutter—						
Cash "	1-12	2- 6	3-10	6-12	10- 8	15- 0
Credit "	2- 0	2-10	4- 0	7-10	11-12	18- 0
Edward's X. L.—						
Cash "	1-12	..	3- 8	6- 4	8-12	14- 0
Credit "	1-14	..	4- 0	7- 0	9-12	15-12

Cowan's Gelatino-Chloride, 3¼ by 3¼ Magic Lantern size, Cash, Rs. 1-10; Credit, Rs. 1-14.

The above Prices are advanced 5 per cent. since 21st inst.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PLATINUM PRINTING.

	Cash Prices. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Sensitizing Solutions for either Black or Sepia Brown Images, per oz. bot.	5 8	6 4
Plain white paper, 38 inches wide, per yard	0 6	0 7
" " " extra strong for large prints " "	0 10	0 11
Lime drying tins, complete, for holding paper up to 8½ by 6½ each	1 8	1 12
" " " paper up to 12" by 10, each	2 0	2 4
Brushes, for spreading, each	0 8	0 9
Softeners, each	1 6	1 10
Hydrochloric Acid, oz., 3 As.; per lb.	1 0	1 2
Sodium Oxalate " 4 " "	2 4	2 8

The Sensitizing Solution must not be exposed to light, but must be kept in the dark.

The paper may be coated by lamp light, or by any yellow light.

The above Prices are Advanced 5 Per Cent since 21st inst.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BERKEFELD FILTER,

FITTED WITH KIESELGUHR MEDIUM.

For Attaching Direct to the Main.

It will filter either small or large quantities, absolutely free from ALL IMPURITIES, SOLID PARTICLES, and GERMS; all the Metal parts are Nickel-Plated, and is fitted with a patent mechanical cleansing arrangement. These Filters are specially suited for Hospitals, Clubs, Hotels, Factories, and Private Houses.

Price, Rs. 75.

AND MAY BE SEEN WORKING AT

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY: 28, Apollo Street.
KARACHI: Bunder Road.
LONDON: 27, Leadenhall Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.

PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.

DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.

TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.

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GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.

SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.

ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND SOLE PROPRIETOR.....MR. H. STANLEY.
70TH PERFORMANCE
OF THE STANLEY OPERA AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.

SHE-E AND LAST NIGHT BUT 9. SHE-E
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SHE-E GREAT SUCCESS OF. SHE-E
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SHE-E The Beautiful Burlesque in 3 Acts, SHE-E

"SHE-E! SHE-E!!"

DOORS OPEN AT 8-30. OVERTURE AT 9.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Box Plan open daily at D. MACROPOLO and Co's from 8 a.m. till 7 p.m., where Seats can be booked and obtained for all parts of the House. T. EMPSON, Manager.

THE BOMBAY SKATING RINK.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
WEDNESDAY NIGHT.
Splendid Floor and Good BRASS BAND.
LADIES' SESSION ..... 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
AFTERNOON SESSION (Special)..... 3 to 5 p.m.
AFTERNOON SESSION..... 5 to 7 p.m.
EVENING SESSION ..... 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Admission Re. 1.

THURSDAY! THURSDAY!!
SPECIAL PEOPLE'S NIGHT.
Races will be held, and handsome Prizes will be given.
Soldiers and Sailors Admission Free.

GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL
ON FEBRUARY 4TH.
HANDSOME VALUABLE PRIZES to be given on view at the Rink.

NUGENT & CO., Proprietors.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ASHES FOR SALE.

THE Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, 3rd February, tenders for the PURCHASE of any number out of 6 lots of ASHES, now lying in the Locomotive Worksyard at Parel and at Byculla Depot, where the same may be viewed on application.

All lots purchased to be removed within one month from date of acceptance of tender. Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's form (to be obtained from the Undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 100 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the Deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.

Full payment must be made promptly on Notificaton of acceptance of tender and before delivery is given.

The AGENT does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 26th January 1892.

WATCHES! WATCHES!! WATCHES!!!

GOLD AND SILVER.
HUNTING AND OPEN CASE,
BY
JOHN JONES, of 338, STRAND, LONDON.

CHUBB'S BOX & LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

1-5TH DRAWBACK.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that the STANDING COMMITTEE of the CORPORATION has, under the Provisions of Section 158 (2) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, prescribed the following general conditions to be observed in granting allowances of 1-5th Drawback of the General Tax:—

1.—Drawback shall be granted in every case in which it would have been allowed under the Acts of 1872 and 1878, Section 76 (2).

2.—Drawback shall be granted in every case in which the property concerned has remained generally, wholly or partially vacant for more than thirty and less than sixty days.

3.—All claims for Drawback must be submitted, except with the special sanction of the Commissioner, not less than thirty days previous to the commencement of the half-year to which the claim relates.

The Provisions of Clause 2 of Section 76 of the Acts of 1872 and 1878 are:—In the case of any chawl or building let out for hire in single rooms, either as lodgings or godowns for the storage of goods, a remission of one-fifth part of the consolidated rate should be granted, provided that no such remission be granted for any floor on which any trade or manufacture is carried on, or any goods sold.

Applicants for Drawback should see the Assessment Department Ward Superintendents at their respective Ward Offices with reference to the second condition prescribed by the Standing Committee.

H. A. ACWORTH,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices: Bombay, 7th January, 1892.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.

The Capital has been adjusted at 1s. 6d. per rupee at a cost of £116,625.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KURRACHEE, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

JAS. BUCHAN,
Manager.

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further Particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A., Managing Director.

Albert Building, Bombay.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEED £1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A., Secretary.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line. As. 8. No Trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GENTLEMEN'S Pearl-headed TOILET PINS, at Rs. 5, 6, 7, and 10 each. Fancy Jewellery in great variety.—Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., Jewellers, and Diamond Merchants, 43, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and at Poona.

MUSIC LESSONS (Vocal and Instl.) on Fiddle, Flute, Cornet, &c., by Fr. CONCEICAO, Director, St. Joseph's Band, Bandora, or Proof Reader, "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—Handsome DOG-CART, good as new, (Coleclough & Sons, Dublin,) set English-made harness and stable kit, Rs. 350; Arab horse, just under 14 hands, aged, but full of work, goes either harness or saddle, carries lady, Rs. 250. If sold together Rs. 550. Address "XX," care of this Office.

THE STANDARD NEW ASSURANCES in 1890 were £1,572,248, the Largest Record in the Annals of this Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

THE INDIAN SQUARE PIANO, the very best Square Piano for the Indian Climate, with all latest improvements, Rs. 650.—S. ROSE and Co., Bombay.

MR. BEJANJI MANEKJI, LL.B., Pleader at Zanzibar, says:—MOTIWALA'S LAXATIVE CONSERVE answers very well the purpose for which it is intended. I had had occasion to use it four times, twice in the Steamer, and twice since my arrival at Zanzibar, and I was glad to see that it produced the desired effect.

FRENCH COFFEE as used in Paris, mixed with the finest Chicory. 1lb. tins, Re. 1; ½lb. tins, As. 9.—JAMES PEARSE and Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

RECEIVED, round 9-inch Dial 8-day French Clocks, goes in any position, suitable for Halls, Offices and Drawing Rooms. Rs. 20 and Rs. 40, with 5 years' guarantee.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have spent one day at the Alexandra Hotel, and have received great attention from the Proprietor and his servants. The food is good, and the charges very moderate indeed. (Sd.) T. WINGATE, Colonel, Bengal Staff Corps.

WANTED, a CLERK to copy English and French; nice handwriting indispensable. Address "B. C.," care of this Paper.

WANTED a Second-Class ENGINEER for Ginning and Press Factory at Veerumgaum. Apply with testimonials, stating salary expected, to WHITTLE and Co., Veerumgaum.

"BOMBAY FINE ART EXHIBITION—Pictures Mounted and Framed," and sent in for Ensuing Exhibition according to the Society's Rules,—D. B. DINSHAW and Co., Bombay Fine Art Gallery.

LUTITIAN and MELTONIAN CREAM, Re. 1-4 and 12 as., Varnishes, Polishes, Creams and Dubbing of all description.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Bombay.

BILLIARD LAMPS.—4 and 6 Lights Fitted with the latest improved Burners, guaranteed perfectly Storm and Punkah-proof.—LAMP WAREHOUSE—R. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON and CO., Sole Agents.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

INDIAN ARTS and MANUFACTURES of every description, at moderate Prices, especially suitable for X-MAS PRESENTS. Now on view at S. J. TELLERY and Co.'s Show Rooms, opposite Clock Tower, 8, Esplanade Road, Fort.

COTTAGE PIANO (Soundy and Co.) nearly new. Cost Rs. 650, what offers? Owner going home. "M. B. J.," care of this Office.

FOR HIRE, TURN-OUTS.—First-class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR AND CO., Bombay.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

GAIETY HOTEL, FORT.—Now under entire English Management. A Good Table provided, with Dining and Sitting-room, Bed-rooms with Bath-rooms. Every convenience and Comfort. Apply to Manager.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq, Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

TO WATCHMAKERS and JEWELLERS.—WHY buy GERMAN-made MATERIALS & TOOLS from Bazar? Go to CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, where you find none but English and Swiss Materials and Tools at Reasonable Prices.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, to arrive. Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

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i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, here litary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bonet of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottles. Thousands of Testimonials.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*, and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK,

Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
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NOTICES.

BACK BAY BATHS COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Bath House, Kennedy Sea Face, on TUESDAY, 9th February, 1892, at 5-30 P.M.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE DAYS FIXED for the Club Regatta are the 2nd and 4th February, 1892. Detailed Programme may be had on application at the Club Office.

T. W. C. LEATHEM,
Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Gymkhana will be held in the Pavilion on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd February, at 6 P.M.

H. E. E. PROCTER,
F. A. PREVOST,
Joint Honorary Secretaries.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

MEMBERS are requested to send ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION Rs. 10 to H. W. Uloth, Esq., Honorary Treasurer. Private view of Exhibition and Conversazione will take place on 2nd February, 1892, at 9-30 P.M.

Members can bring two Ladies.

Public opening February 3rd at 5-15 P.M. Members free. Prospectus ready. Apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co. Latest date for receiving Pictures January 25th, 1892.

L. R. W. FORREST,
Honorary Secretary.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 210 of 1886.

NANABHAI GANPATRAO DHAIRYAVAN, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Parel, outside the Fort .....Plaintiff.

vs.

JANARDHUN WASSUDEOJI and RAMABAI, wife of NANABHAI GANPATRAO DHAIRYAWAN, the Plaintiff, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Breach Candy Road, outside the Fort.....Defendants.

WHEREAS by an Order made in the above Suit on the 8th day of October, 1888, it was ordered that the Plaintiff Nanabhai Ganpatrao Dhairyawan, should pay to Messrs. Balkrishna and Bhugwandass the sum of Rs. 851-7-0, being the balance of their taxed costs, and Rs. 45 for costs of and incidental to the application and order; and whereas by another order made in the said Suit on the 11th day of February, 1893, it was ordered *inter alia* that the said Plaintiff should pay to his former Attorneys Messrs Balkrishna and Dikshit, the sum of Rs. 430-5-6, being the amount of their taxed costs.

And whereas by a warrant of sale, dated the 23rd day of September, 1891, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed TO SELL the RIGHT, TITLE, and INTEREST of the Plaintiff in the lands and premises of the said Warrant mentioned, that is to say:—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Owul wady, otherwise known as Fofulwady, near Vithulwady, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 344 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Quit and Ground Rent under old No. 712, new No. 3243, old survey No. 86, and new survey No. 1491, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, and well standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 8 and Ward No. 1761 and 1765, and Street No. 2830 and 1, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the North by the property of Kala Bhanji, on or towards the south by the property of Ludha Kullianji, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to Sitaram Govind, and now to the said Ludha Kullianji, and on or towards the West by the Public passage, called Fofulwady, or Owulwady Lane.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of cultivated land, now turned into a garden, in the rear of a Government House at Parel, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 8100 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Quit and Ground Rent under Old No. 79, 91, 98 and 99, new No. 14215, 14221, 14240, and 14241, new survey No. 1-2 and 3-2385, with the messuage, tenement, building, shed trees, tank and well standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under No. 38, and now under ward No. 634 (1) and street No. 42, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the North partly by the Elphinstone Road, and partly by the Government Garden, on or towards the South partly by the property of Ganputrao Sudashivjee and partly by the property of Gunpatrao Pandurang, on or towards the west by a Public Passage, and on or towards the East by the Government Garden.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the dates and at the hours and places undermentioned the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of Sale put up for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title, and interest of the said Plaintiff in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said order and costs of execution, including batta and other charges and further costs of sale when taxed.

The property firstly above described will be sold on the premises at 3-30 o'clock P.M., on SATURDAY, the 27th day of February, 1892.

The property secondly above described will be sold on the premises at 4 o'clock P.M., on MONDAY, the 29th day of February 1892.

The following is a list of the rights, charges, and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable.

The Collector of Bombay claims Rs. 69-6-7 due to Government on account of Land Revenue for the year 1890-91 in respect of the land secondly described.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises, nor the title of the said Plaintiff to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said Plaintiff have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The said Messrs Balkrishna and Bhugwandas have not obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to Government, and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 23th Day of January, 1892.

AGA AKBAR SHAH,
Sheriff of Bombay.

MR. BALKRISHNA V. N. KIRTIKAR,
Former Attorney for Plaintiff.

BANKS.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 607,229
REST ..... „ 20,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months .....4½ per cent. per annum
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St., Trafalgar Square.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
Wm. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
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EWEN CAMERON } Managers.

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CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

MESSRS. MARCKS & COMPANY,

WATCH, CLOCK, AND CHRONOMETER MAKERS;

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS;

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JEWELLERY;

DIAMOND AND PEARL MERCHANTS;

DEALERS IN EVERY SORT OF PRECIOUS STONES,

No. 43, ESPLANADE ROAD, AND No. 1, ASH LANE,

BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

OUR numerous Friends and Customers having often expressed their appreciation of our liberal arrangements for their convenience, we beg to state publicly that we shall always study how best to meet the wishes of all persons dealing with us. The large European and Native establishment of skilled workmen kept by us has lately been increased; and we are prepared to execute all the additional orders, with which we may be favoured, with even greater despatch than heretofore.

THE REPAIRING of WATCHES and CLOCKS is still done entirely by the best-skilled European Watch-makers; and each Time-piece is thoroughly examined and tested by the Managing Director before it leaves their hands.

MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LD.,

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY, AND AT POONA.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

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PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts,** which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement.. ' ' the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

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Practical Watch Manufacturers and Wholesale Jewellers,
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WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 149 Military Messes and 38 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London
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GABRIEL ST. MARC	Cognac.
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NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
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CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith.
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J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
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C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

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"Fine Highland Malt." Rs. 25 per dozen,
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10 per cent. discount for cash.
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DUC DE MONTEBELLO CHAMPAGNE CREMANT.
CUVEE EXTRA—MAXIMUM—SEC.
As supplied to many Messes and Clubs.
Rs. 53 per doz. qts. and Rs. 28 per doz. pts., nett cash.
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MADRAS SPRING MEETING, 1892.
FEBRUARY 23RD, 25TH, AND 27TH.
FIRST ENTRANCES for all Races close on 30th instant at Rs. 10 each.
Final Entrances on 8th February at Rs. 20 each.
Programmes on application to
J. CAMPBELL,
Honorary Secretary, Madras Spring Meeting, Madras Club.

NOTICE.

THE AHMEDABAD HORSE SHOW, ANNUALLY held in March, will this year be held on the 8th of February and following days, at Ahmedabad. Over Rs. 3,000 offered in Prizes.

H. KENNEDY,
Hon. Secy.
Ahmedabad, 1st January, 1892.

NOW READY—6th EDITION.

ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

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The rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	Rs. 25	302½xd
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	202½xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	198
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	80,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£33—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	30,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	150
Silver Share	—	—	—	—	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	450
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	310
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	205
BombayCotton Brewl's Cawnpore PressCo Ld	1,000	125	125	10	375
Colabe	600	200	200	16	127½
East India	600	1,980	1,980	45 dvd	115
English Prese and Manfgr.	350	1,000	1,000	130	350
Fort	400	250	..	Rs. 20	1,425
French	515	2,500	2,500	100	175xd
Harvey and Sheapathy	300	500	all	50	975
Hemgoll Prese Co, Ld	750	400	all	22½	545
Khangaum	240	450	450	63	137½
Mahmadpura CottonG. and P. Co, Ld	200	600	500	pr. ct.	485
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	500
Morasli Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	80 c.
Mummar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	223½
New Berar	1,200	500	500	55	240
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	555
Prince of Wales	600	500	500	20	108½
Sabapathy(Bellary)	500	500	500	20	370
Seasoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	508
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	1,150
Serab Woollen Mills	$1,200	250	250	75	445
Volkart	—	1,000	100	Rs. 100	210

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	48
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	5	81
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	575
Bombay Cotton Mantg. Co	600	500	500	20	405
Bombay National Manfg Co, Ld	800	1,000	1,000	—	440 nom
Britannia Mills	1,400	1,000	1,000	30	525
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	1,220
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	575
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1010
Connaughi Mills	600	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	640
Cooria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	440
Coral Mills Co. Ld.	75,686	100	100	50	0
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 30	425
Dhun Mills	11,000	1,000	1,000	50	890
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	660
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	510
Gordon Mills	12,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	90
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	725
Hingunghat Mill	700	600	500	40	680
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	575
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	810
ImperialCotton	9,375	500	500	Rs. 17-8	335
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	990
James Greave	1,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	645
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	220
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	720
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Khatao Maokunjee	11,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	550
Leopold	13,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	190
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
LukmidasSpinning &Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	574	965
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,050
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,380
Masagon	5,000	250	250	8	115
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,740
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills	7,770	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	8500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	160
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	680
Oriental	5,720	625	625	Rs. 12½	430
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,175
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	951
Ripon Mills	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,080xd
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,459
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	40	1,095
Sonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	35	490
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil	100nom
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	275
Sun Mills, Ld	1,300	333	250	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	460
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	650	1,000	1,000	25	370xd
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	600
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	£100	all	5 p.c	2,400
B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	—	£ 18	—	do.	420

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	230
	750	150	150	7½	195
Back Bay Mills	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	106
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	830
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,600xd
Do. New Issue	500	375	225	67½	900
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	36	90
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	850
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyer&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	14
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	101
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	25½	300
Karrachee Landing	800	500	300	30	100
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	95
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	51xd
NapierFoundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	130
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	3 pr.ct.	19
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	76
Port Canning Co	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	470
Prince of Wales Fireln.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	25
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	25 pr.ct.	80
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	$2,000	500	all	85	960
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	93
Telephone Co.	19,200	25	25	5-6	19½

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	23-11	
Shina Leaf	"	22-14	Nominal.
Pekin Bar Gold old	"	22-13	"
Do. do. new	"	22-11	"
Australia do.	"	23-2	
Bombay do.	"	23-1	
English Sovereigns	"	14-11	
Do. Drazons	"	14-10-6	
Bar Silver 17 Betternees	"	106-12	
Do. 17½ do.	"	106-14	
Carolus Dollars	"	227	Nominal.
Maxican do.	"	223	"
Five-Francs	"	227	"

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Standing Committee, 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Bombay Anthropological Society, 5-30 p.m.
Music on the Esplanade, 5-45 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre, Stanley's Opera Company, 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Egremont Castle (s), from Tyne ; Karagola (s), Karachi ; and Kohinur (s), Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Lady Armstroug (s), for London ; Byculla (s), Rangoon, &c. ; Khiwa (s), Calcutta ; and Netherby Hall (s), Liverpol.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Rohilla entered the dock on Monday.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Dalmally entered, and the s. s. Lady Armstrong left the dock on Monday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for China and Australia, per s. s. Rohilla, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., on Thursday, the 28th inst.

THE "MERCHANT OF VENICE."—The performance of the "Merchant of Venice," by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club, is fixed for the 13th, 16th, and 19th February.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 26th January, 1892, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 33, *viz.*, 1s. 4d. per rupee.

THE ROVERS' FOOTBALL CLUB.—A general meeting of the members of the Rovers' Football Club will be held at the Apollo Bunder Rooms, at 8-45, this evening.

THE ALEXANDRA NATIVE GIRLS' SCHOOL.—The Alexandra Native Girls' English Institution was closed yesterday, in respect to the memory of Mr. Dossabhai Framjee Cama, the much esteemed vice-president, who died on the morning of the 26th.

BOMBAY ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—At the usual monthly meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay, to be held in the Society's Rooms, 6, Apollo Street, Fort, at 5-30 p.m., to-day, the following paper will be read :—"The Use of Ganja and Bhang in the East, as Narcotics," by Dr. W. Dymock.

LADIES' BRANCH OF THE N. I. ASSOCIATION.—The needlework conversazione of the ladies branch of the National Indian Association will take place to-day (Wednesday), between 4 and 6 p.m. at Mrs. Budrooden Tyebjee's Somerset House, Warden Road. Members are requested to be present.

THEFT BY A SERVANT.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Bhicklia Kolia was charged, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of six currency notes for Rs. 100 each, a gold sovereign, and Rs. 14 in cash, from the house of his master, Mr. Eduljee Rustomjee Reporter. The facts of the case have already been reported. The Magistrate convicted the accused,and sentenced him to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—The Band of the B. V. Rifles will perform the following programme, at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 5-45 this evening :—

March.....H. M. S. Camperdown.....Clode.
Overture.....Die Felsenmuhle".....Reissiger.
Gavotte.....Entraneing".....Boggetti.
Fantasia.....Songs and Dances of Northern Europe".....Kuhner.
Galop.....The Bayley".....C. Briggs.
Valse.....Gondolier".....Roder.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE SKATING RINK.—The Band will play the following selections of music from 5 to 7 and again from 8-30 to 11 p.m. :—

March.....Brighter Days.....R Smith.
Valse.....Love's Dreamland.....Otto Roeder.
Polka.....The Little Pouting Face...Faust.
Valse.....See-Saw.....A G Crowe.
Schottische.....Happy Hearts.....H Round.
Valse.....Fair Voices.....Crowe.
Polka.....Love Letter.....D Albert.
Valse.....The Maid of the Mill.....Liddell.
Mazurka.....La Violletor.....Faust.
Galop.....Gumcock.....H Round.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A QUESTIONABLE CONVICTION.—Mr. Branson, with Mr. Mir Sarfraz Ali, barristers-at-law, instructed by Mr. Buckland, made an application on the 21st instant, before Justices Jardine and Telang, in the Appellate Side of the High Court, on behalf of two town-policeman and a railway sepoy, who had been convicted on the 15th of December, for assaulting two Borahs and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 16 each, petitioning that a copy of the evidence with notes might be called for, for the purpose of being reviewed by the High Court. Their Lordships granted the application.

FATAL EXPLOSION.—An inquest was held yesterday, by Mr. Allan F. Turner, Deputy Coroner, at the J. J. Hospital, touching the death of Tookaram Mahadoo, a blaster in the quarry of one Visnoo Punt. About 2 o'clock, on Monday afternoon, the deceased changed a blast in his quarry, and after covering the blast with iron-plates he set fire to the blast. He then tried to run out of the quarry, when he slipped and fell among some loose stones. The blasts exploded, and deceased was seriously injured, his skull being fractured, and his body wounded in several places. He died at the J. J. Hospital shortly after admission. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

BATHING FATALITY.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Deputy Coroner, held an inquest yesterday, at Wadla Road, touching the death of Augustine De Cruz, a lad, aged 11 years. The deceased was a son of a cultivator. On Monday morning, at 8 o'clock, the deceased after taking his meals went out. As he did not return home in the evening a search was made, and his dead body was recovered from a pond, near the Rowli Salt-pans, Matoonga. His clothes were found lying near the pond. It is supposed that he went to bathe in and was drowned. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

THE MAHIM SANDS MURDER.—At the Girgaum Police Court, on Monday, Sirdar Bahadur Mir Abdoolally brought up on remand and charged Bhow Mahadoo, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with having on the 10th of December last, murdered Ina a Srivan, aged 18 years, by cutting his throat with a razor, on the sands, near the Mahim Causeway. Mr. Little, Public Prosecutor, appeared on behalf of the Crown. Mr. Dalvi, pleader, defended the accused. The Magistrate, after recording further evidence, which was similar to that adduced before the Coroner, committed the accused, who reserved his defence, to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

APPLICATION FOR ALIMONY.—Mr. Hemming, solicitor, appeared at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and filed an information in chambers, on behalf of Mrs. Ellen Amy Martin, praying for maintenance from her husband Mr. Henry Martin. The petitioner in her information stated that she had four children by her husband, the eldest of whom was a girl, 8 years of age. She had been living apart from her husband for some time in consequence of his habitual illtreatment and cruelty towards her. Her husband refused to support her and his children and she therefore prayed that some allowance might be made to her. The Magistrate issued a summons.

CAUGHT "RED-HANDED."—Before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, Mahomed Abdool Sahib, a notorious character, was charged with theft of a purse that contained one anna and six pies. The evidence showed that the prisoner relieved Yellapa Yenkia of his money while his attention was directed to a juggler, who was entertaining a large crowd at the Carnac Bunder Road. The complainant immediately turned round when he experienced a sharp jerk at his pocket, and seized the pick-pocket, who struggled vigorously and escaped. A policeman standing hard by, however, intercepted the fugitive. On admitting two previous convictions for the same crime, he was sentenced to undergo hard labour for fifteen months.

DEATH OF MR. DOSSABHOY FRAMJEE KAMA.—We regret to announce the death of Mr. D. F. Kama, which took place at his residence, at Lower Colaba, yesterday morning. He was one of the earliest and foremost of a band of reformers, who have done so much to promote female education and religious reforms among the Parsis. He traded with China, Calcutta, and England, with his brothers and travelled nearly all over the world. He was of a very enterprising spirit, and after the winding up of the firm of Messrs. P. and D. Framjee Cama, in 1864-65, he traded on a small scale on his own account, and was scrupulously honest and straightforward in all his dealings. He then proceeded to Kabul, where he was a sort of a *quasi* agent to the Amir. During the massacre of the British officers of the Embassy, it was rumoured that he was one of the victims ; but somehow or other he had managed to effect his escape. On his return to Bombay, he proceeded to Burma and latterly led a retired life. He was aged 69 years at the time of his death. His funeral last evening was largely attended.

FURIOUS RIDING AT CHINCHPOOGLY.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, two Hindu grooms, named Mohan Suddoo and Jagoo Bijour, were charged, before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with riding on their horses in a rash and reckless speed and thereby causing injury to Metha Dhurma and Thanna Dhurma. On Monday evening, at half-past five, both the accused were riding their horses on the Chinchpoogly Road, at a furious speed, each trying to go in front of the other, when the first accused's horse struck against two men and knocked them down causing injury to their arms and shoulders. The first accused said that he was riding along the road when his horse suddenly took fright at a whistle from a passing train, and bolted along the road furiously, becoming quite unmanageable. The second accused also made a similar defence. The Magistrate convicted both the accused and sentenced them to pay a fine of Rs. 15 and Rs. 10, respectively, and awarded Rs. 5 to each of the injured men, who had, owing to the injuries sustained, to remain for a day in the hospital.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE.—The seventeenth edition of the well-known "Maclean's Guide to Bombay" more than maintains its high reputation as an admirable work of reference for all persons interested in the Presidency. The historical and descriptive parts of the "Guide" are added to each year, the many splendid public buildings of the city are fully described ; the benefactions of prominent and wealthy citizens of the present and former generations, and the educational and charitable institutions founded by them are succinctly chronicled. Much useful information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of business men and the general public. An excellent photograph of his Highness Sir Syaji Rao Gaekwar Maharaj, K.C.S.I., forms the frontispiece to the new edition, which is bound in the usual red morocco with gold lettering. The price, Rs. 5, is not at all too high for the book. The "Guide for 1892" is, as usual accompanied by a map of India, showing the various railway routes diverging from Bombay, and a map of the Island of Bombay giving the localities of the prominent buildings and institutions.—*Sind Gazette.*

BOMBAY CATHOLIC READING ROOM AND LIBRARY (CAVEL STREET).

As announced Mr. Cyprian de Mello read a paper on the origin of the Roman Catacombs before a well-filled hall, in the rooms of the above Library. There were present Rev. Fathers H. Bochum, S. J. (chairman) ; Jos. Hamilton, S. J. ; W. M. Wallrath, S. J. ; B. de Monte, Dr. J. C. Lisboa, Messrs. Lewis Gonsalves, J. D. D'Almeida, and several other members and friends of the Institution. The Rev. Chairman introduced the lecturer in a few complimentary remarks and said that the paper about to be read was an introdutory one to a lecture which he himself intended delivering at a later date on the Catacombs themselves. The paper was very well appreciated by the audience, and the various references to the ancient monuments were illustrated by sketches and diagrams drawn expressly for the occasion. The Rev. Dr. de Monte at the close of the lecture, in proposing a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Cyprian de Mello, alluded to his having passed his first B.A. Examination,and said that the paper he had just read spoke very well for the careful way in which he had studied the subject he had taken in hand, and wished him in the name of all those present every success in his academic career. The proposition being duly seconded was carried with acclamation.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

JANUARY 1892.

28. Meeting of Municipal Corporation for Final Approval of Bye-laws.
30. Mr. Mlln at the Novelty Theatre
30. Bombay Cycling Club Smoking Concert.
31. Volunteer Church Parade, Cathedral, 6 p.m.

FEBRUARY.

1. Monday—Municipal (Chamber of Commerce) Elections. Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society, "Merchant of Venice."
2. Tuesday—Yacht Club Regatta.
3. Wednesday—Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Secretariat.
4. Thursday—"Club" Cup Race Back Bay Baths. Yacht Club Regatta. Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society "Merchant of Venice."
6. Saturday—Bombay Volunteer Artillery Camp opens, Mahaluxmi Fort. Bombay Amateur Dramatic Society "Merchant of Venice."
8. Monday—Yacht Club Dance. Municipal (Justice) Elections. Poona Sky Races.
10. Wednesday—Poona Sky Races.
12. Friday—Dance at the Ladies Gymkhana.
13. Saturday—Annual Inspection, B. V. Artillery, Mahaluxmi Fort. Gymkhana Steeplechase (Open) and Bombay Sky Races. "Merchant of Venice," by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club.
15. Monday—"Wheal" Cup Competition, Mahaluxmi Fort.
16. Tuesday—Lady Harris's Fancy Dress Ball, Bombay. Volunteer Artillery Camp closes, Mahaluxmi Fort. "Merchant of Venice," by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club.
17. Wednesday—Scottish Orphanage Concert at the Town Hall.
18. Thursday—Cup Race, Back Bay Baths.
19. Friday—Municipal (Fellows) Elections. Dance at the Ladies Gymkhana. "Merchant of Venice," by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club.
20. Saturday—Gymkhana Steeplechase (Open) and Bombay Sky Races.
22. Monday—Yacht Club Dance.
24. Wednesday—Byculla Club Ball.
25. Thursday—"Ascot" Cup Race, Back Bay Baths. Half Yearly Meeting, Yacht Club.
27. Saturday—Bombay Races. Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club. Half-Yearly General Meeting, Byculla Club.

MARCH.

1. Tuesday—Expected Completion of the Tansa Duct Works. Bombay Races.
3. Thursday—"Club" Cup Race, Back Bay Baths. Bombay Races.
5. Saturday—Bombay Races. Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club. Annual Soiree of the Cercle Litteraire, Dinshaw Petit.
7. Monday—Yacht Club Dance.
10. Thursday—Bunder Cup Race, Back Bay Baths.
17. Thursday—Cup Race. Bay Baths.
21. Monday—Yacht Club B.

DIVINE SERVICE.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—SERVICE will be held on board the s.s. Clan Mackinnon, in the Prince's Dock, this evening, at 7-30 p.m. Captains, officers, engineers, seamen and others are cordially invited The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

WHAT influenza is does not as yet appear to be clearly defined, writes to Bengal paper, but many people in Calcutta maintain they are just now suffering from it.

THE Madras Railway traffic receipts for the week ending 16th January, 1892, were, for passengers, &c., Rs. 56,824, and for goods, &c., Rs. 97,375, making altogether Rs. 1,54,199, or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 183-9-1. During the corresponding week in 1891, the receipts were Rs. 1,80,321-13-3, or an average receipt per mile of Rs. 214-10-8.

THE rumour that Lord Rosebery purposes to re-marry is, our London correspondent hears, well founded. The lady of his choice is Miss Tennant, daughter of a wealthy Scotch Liberal, who was created by Mr. Gladstone a baronet six years ago. Mr. Balfour, who is a friend of the family, is an admirer of Miss Tennant, and at one time it was quite expected she would be offered the ex-Chief Secretary's hand and heart. Among her other qualities the future Countess of Rosebery enjoys the reputation of being one of the finest cross-country riders in the British Isles. On the score of riches there will be no great disparity between Lord Rosebery and his bride.

A CORRESPONDENT at Monte Carlo writes : In 1886 the Prince of Monaco started in his yacht, the Hirondelle, accompanied by Professor G. Pouchet, with the object of discovering the exact direction of the Gulf Stream. Upon arriving in the Stream he caused numbers of small bottles to be thrown overboard, containing a request, printed in nine languages, to the finder to return the bottle, with enclosure, to the French Government. Nothing had been heard of these bottles until a few days back, when news reached here that one of the bottles had just been discovered at Runaway Bay, Jamaica.

HOSIERY MADE AT HOME.—AUTOMATIC KNITTING MACHINE—THOUSANDS IN USE ! A Pair of Plain or Ribbed shaped Socks, made without seam or joint in 35 minutes, Stockings 50 minutes, superior to hand work—NEW COMPOUND KNITTER makes Cotton, Merino, Silk, or Wool goods for Adult, Youth, or Child, thus doing the work of two machines. Can be learnt from Instruction Book. Specially suitable for Export. Numerous Testimonials. Illustration and Price List Free. HEAD OFFICE :—67, Southwark Street, LONDON.

A MARVELLOUS WATCH.

MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., Limited, have at present on view at their Bombay establishment, in Esplanade Road, a marvellous specimen of a watch, if that word is sufficiently comprehensive to describe the combination of scientific perfection and accuracy and artistic beauty displayed in this beautiful piece of work. The appearance is that of an ordinary, full sized, keyless, hunting watch, the case being richly encrusted with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, good-sized emerald of the true green colour, surrounded by a circle of perfectly white brilliants, forming the centre on both sides of the case, festoons of smaller sized rubies and diamonds and emeralds and diamonds, artistically arranged on a background of enamel, of a delicate pale shade of colour, forming the body of the case, the outside border being formed of specially brilliant rose diamonds, each stone being exactly similar in size and cutting. The dial, which is of gold, and bears the name of the company, is also ornamented with small sized diamonds, rubies and emeralds, and contains four smaller dials, each one of which faithfully records the progress of time in its own division. The watch performs seven distinct functions, and the mechanism necessary to secure the perfect working of the whole is governed by the winding button at the top, there being no more trouble in winding this than in winding an ordinary timekeeper. The first duty of this, as of every good watch is to keep accurate time and we are assured that the greatest accuracy has been attained in the tests to which it has been subjected since its completion. In addition to showing accurate time during the day the watch is a minute repeater, and will, by striking on a gong inside the watch, first the hours, then quarters, and then the minutes, give the time accurately to 'within one minute,' as often as the necessary spring is touched, thus the time may be determined at any hour of the night, or when no light is available. In addition to this a perfect chronograph action is at work, dividing time into accurate fifths of seconds. This may be set in motion or stopped at pleasure, being controlled by the pressure of a button over the figure 12, which starts, stops, and brings back to zero, the slender centre seconds' hand, which revolves round the large dial. There is also an ordinary, small seconds' hand and dial, which show the seconds when the chronograph is at rest. This smaller dial is pierced in a semi-circular manner, showing a miniature hemisphere, which, though apparently stationary, is in reality moving, and shows exactly the age and phases of the moon. The remaining three small dials constitute a perpetual calendar, one showing the months, another the days of the week, while the third points to the day of the month, and so ingeniously is this constructed that it shows the 29th of February once in *four years only*, while the dial, indicating the months, has the twelve names repeated four times round its circumference, the groups being marked Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, the position of the indicator showing how many years have passed since the previous leap year. This year the indicator stands at January of No. 4 group, and at the end of the coming February the calendar will show the 29th instead of moving from the 28th to the 1st of March as in ordinary years. Some months ago we described a similar costly watch offered by this company, and they assure us that, though costly, these watches command a ready sale in India, and that they are always ordered before completion. The means for making such complicated pieces being very limited, only a very few watchmakers being competent to successfully accomplish work of such great delicacy. As a specimen of the perfection to which the science of horology has been brought, this is well worthy of being seen and will amply repay a visit to Messrs. Marcks and Co.'s (Limited), Saloon. We may mention that the cost of the watch is Rs. 9,600.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Madras for the week ending 16th January, 1892 :—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up	50,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	14,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office, Rs. 36,02,005-14-7	53,23,287	11	11
Public Deposits at Branches " 27,21,281-13-4			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,81,82,010	13	1
Bank Post Bills, &c.	1,19,450	10	11
Sundries	2,51,650	8	8
Total Rs.	2,82,76,399	12	7

ASSETS.

Government Securities	48,80,155	8	1
Other authorised Investments	11,42,559	14	0
Loans on Government and other authorised Securities	71,74,476	9	9
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorised Securities	23,16,730	1	1
Bills discounted and purchased	71,70,132	4	8
Balances with other Banks	10,23,033	5	8
Bullion	9,642	1	0
Deal stock	2,82,997	6	0
Stamps	10,863	1	5
Sundries	10,275	14	2
	3,40,20,866	1	10
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches	1,42,55,533	10	9
Rs..	3,82,76,399	12	7

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for the week ended 16th January, 1892, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	81,000	1,56,000	4,000	2,41,000
Or per mile of railway	176	338	9	523
For previous 1 week of half-year	1,12,000	2,17,000	5,000	3,34,000
Total for 2 weeks.	1,93,000	3,73,000	9,000	5,75,000
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	77,098	1,77,634	4,960	2,60,592
Per mile of Ry do.	169	385	11	565
Total to corresponding date do.	2,08,903	4,60,593	13,087	6,82,583
Decrease for the week			Rs.	19,592
Do. to date			"	1,07,588

THE subject for the Military Prize Essay of the United Service Institution for 1892 is "The Military Organisation best adapted to Imperial needs." It is a very comprehensive title, but in these days of great attention to both our imperial interests and our military organisation, it should be productive of some valuable essays from military men. The programme of afternoon meetings before Easter at the Institution has been issued. The first lecture will be delivered on Jan. 8, by Mr. E. A. Cazalet, on "The Russian Language and Literature," and will be followed by a second, on the same subject, a week later. One of the most interesting lectures will probably be that of Col. Gourand, who on Jan. 22 will discuss "The Phonograph for Naval and Military Purposes." The telephone will be treated by Major Beresford, R. E., in February, and such varied subjects as "Ballooning," "Photography in Reconnaissance,' and "Field Howitzers and Mortars," will be discussed in the next few weeks. Perhaps the most attractive lecture of the series will be that given on March 25, by Col. Shaw-Hellier, Commandant of the Military School of Music, Kneller Hall, on "The Organisation of Military Bands and on Military Music." It will be delivered in the Banqueting House, Whitehall, and will be illustrated by the Kneller Hall Band.

LIEUT.-COLONEL Whalley, late of the Royal Artillery, gives a very favourable account of the conduct of our short-service soldiers on the march. There are, of course, exceptional black sheep ; but, as a rule, after a long "route-march," perhaps in drenching rain, a young driver will set to work to clean a pair of horses and a set of double harness without a thought till he has done of the adjoining taproom. Colonel Whalley gives in his article in *Temple Bar* some interesting particulars of his experiences in marching long distances through England. On the great high roads what has struck him most is their deserted state, save in the vicinity of large towns. The once ubiquitous bagman, with his nondescript trap, no longer figures on the highway ; furniture vans are mounted on railway trucks—" wheels upon wheels "—the very hop pickers have special trains to themselves. Even our troops are invariably moved from one place to another by rail, unless them are mounted. With cavalry it is deemed more economical ; but this authority acknowledges that the system of billeting in public houses is not conducive to military efficiency. Colonel Whalley suggests the selection of suitable camping grounds as both better for the men, and more likely to attract recruits to the standard than the exhibition of bills setting forth the advant

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, OLD IRON, &c.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, Messrs. SORABJEE, COWASJEE & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., at 2 P.M., office furniture, old iron, and sundry goods at the store godowns, near Warl Bunder.

Also one lot of building materials, rafters, bamboos, windows &c., in the office compound, near H. M.'s Mint.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, January 27, 1892.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Warden Road, Breach Candy, opposite the Scandal Point, the very valuable and handsome substantial blackwood and teakwood household furniture of the latest design by Wimbridge and others, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, Hink's and Ditmar's lamps, rich table ornament, English-made brass bedstead, a nearly new harmonium, China and Satsuma flower vases, rich Brussels and Persian carpets, &c., the property of MUNJEEBHAI NUTHOO, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF FULLY GOOD BENGAL COTTON.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 28th inst., at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba by order of Sardarmull Tejmull, in the Jutha of Khimjee Visram.

On account and at the risk of Bharolal Morlidhur.—
100 full pressed bales, fully good Bengal cotton.
In the Jutha of Vurdman Jetsy.—
On account and at the risk of Ajodhiapursad Roormull.
100 full pressed bales, fully good Bengal cotton.
On account and at the risk of Sevaram Khooshalchund.
100 full pressed bales fully good Bengal cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th inst., at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Hope Hall," Mazagon, near the Hancock Bridge, the very valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, made to order, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, marble clock, strikes hours and half-hours, Singer's Sewing Machine on stand, Hink's and Ditmar's lamps, aviary with birds, carpets, rich oil paintings, large size cooking stove, English-built open carriage in good order, one strong powerful grey Australian horse, 5 years old, set of new harness Bussorah fowls, turkeys, Poona and standard roses and other choice plants, pigeon house, with pigeons, &c., the property of Captain J. P. Nailer.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

The property of another gentleman—
1 English-built glass-fronted brougham.
1 strong-built mail-phaeton in good order.
1 high bred bay Arab horse and set of harness.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on TUESDAY, the 2nd February, at 2 p.m., the effects of the late Mr. E. J. Brandon, consisting of dining and dressing tables, chest of drawers, iron bedstead, round table without top, wall brackets, pictures, carpets, plated dish covers, teapot, ice pail and salver cruet and pickle frames, spoons, knives and forks, timepieces, tea and dessert services, vases, lamps, cooking stove, Japanese screen flower pots, books, wearing apparel, glass show cases, work tables, figures, watch glasses, and keys, revolver, gold ring set with diamond and rubies, watches, &c.

The effects of the late Captain R. D. C. Davies consisting of valuable books, sword, scabbard, sword belt and cash box.

The effects of the late Captain J. T. Cronin, consisting of sextant 3 large and 2 small revolvers, wearing apparel, tin trunks, binoculars books, compasses, &c.

The effects of the late Mrs. Amelia Sharkey, consisting of tables, chairs, teapoys, cots, chest of drawers, wearing apparel, cooking pots, gold and selves spectacles and sundries.

The effects of the late Ram Pursad Pande consisting of silver idols, gold and silver ornaments, copper and brass pots, wearing apparel travelling cot and sundries.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY on the De Lisle Road at Byculla.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on TUESDAY, the 9th prox., at 4 p.m., by order of the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Essoofally Sumsoodin (an adjudged insolvent), in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 20th day of August, 1889, all the estate, right, title, and interest of the said mortgagee in the following property :—

All that piece of fazandari ground whereof Micheal Gregory DeSouza is the fazundari, together with the six messuages or building standing thereon, situate at DeLisle Road, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay, fronting the said DeLisle Road, on the eastern side thereof, lately in the registration sub-district of Mandvee, but now in the sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 1,373 square yards or thereabouts, assessed in the books of the Assessor of Bombay Municipal Taxes under ward Nos. 7137, 7133, 7139, 7140, 7141, and 7142 to 7144, and street Nos. 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, (1 and 2), 3, and (1 and 2), and bounded on the north by the property of Bhoja Ruttonsey, on the south of the property of Fatmabai, widow of Hajee Adum Hajee Ismail, on the east by the property of Muncherjee Framjee Cama, and on the west by the said DeLisle Road, which said premises are occupied by the tenants of the said mortgagee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, Solicitors to the mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, January 27, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA FIDE.

Under instructions from the executrix of the late Dr. J. Temperley Gray, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 28th, and Friday, the 29th inst., at 1 p. m. each day, sell by Public Auction, at the "Ridge," Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved French-polished household furniture, best electro-plated ware, glass and crockery ware, a handsome mahogany grand square Piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a first-rate mahogany harmonium, with 18 stops by Debain, handsome English clock by Newton, firstrate oil-painting and water-colors, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, table and hanging kerosine lamps, Brussels and Persian carpets, swords, shields, revolvers, pistols, a D.-B. gun in case by T. Bland, library of medical and historical books, by eminent authors, surgical instruments, large English telescope, a handsome glass-fronted single-seated miniature office brougham, a strong English-built mail-phaeton, a handsome strong light English-built victoria, 3 pairs of handsome strong bay Arab horses, sets of English single and double harness, oilmanstores, wines, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

By order of the President, Subsidiary Committee of Adjustment, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the effects of the late Senior Apothecary F. Fernandez, consisting of uniform, wearing apparel of all sorts, domestic articles, books, blankets, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Foremen's Quarters, Parel, near the G. I. P. Railway Workshop, black and teakwood French-polished household furniture, plated glass and crockeryware, lamps, carpets, &c., the property of Mrs. PYM.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 30th inst., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 bay Arab horse, 15 hands, strong, goes in harness, aged.
1 black Persian horse about 15·1 hands, has been ridden on parade, aged.
1 landaulette.
1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 second hand palanquin office shigram.
1 strong victoria with removeable coach box.

GRAND AUCTION SALE of Fancy Goods, Glass and Earthenware, &c., at Church Gate Street, Fort.

On MONDAY, the 1st, and TUESDAY, the 2nd February next, at 1 p.m., each day, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place several consignments of fancy goods, glass, and earthenware, toys, &c.

Full particulars will be given hereafter, and the goods will be on view 4 days before the day of sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, January 27, 1892.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET,"
A WEEKLY EDITION
OF THE
"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."

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Consignments of Produce received and disposed of.
Indents executed with care and promptitude.
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LOST.—SMALL DOG, White Ground, Black Spots. Answers Willie. J. V. Bhaisett on Muzzle. Finder Rewarded at BHAISETT and Co., 21, Hummum Street, Fort.

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AGENTS FOR BOMBAY,
MESSRS. GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
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This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. I will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 12 per gallon; or Rs. 3-4 per Bottle, packing extra.

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It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 26.

REUTER'S London financial telegram of last evening reports Consols unaltered at last Friday's quotation of 95¾; but Indian Sterling Loan was ¼ per cent. higher, at 106½. About £150,000 in Gold had been withdrawn from the Bank of England. The market rates of discount showed no further movement. The price of Bar Silver was still 42 9-16d. per oz.; but Rupee Securities were ½ per cent. lower in each denomination at ₹71 1-16 for Fours, and ₹70¼ for 4½ per cent.; while, in New York, the metal was ¼ cent lower, at 92⅜ cents per oz., with demand Exchange on London ½ higher, at 4·86 dollars. Paris quotations come unchanged.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady yesterday, the day's Sales having aggregated 10,000 bales, inclusive of 400 East Indians. Spot prices were all unaltered; but American Arrivals were 1-64d. higher in the nearer positions and 1-32d. in the more distant, the extreme quotations being 4 7-64d. for January and January-February deliveries, and 4 17-64d. for May-June. The day's Imports were 6,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet but steady.

In New York, the price of ready Mid-Uplands remained at 7⅞ cents per lb.; but Futures for April were 10 points lower, at 7·49 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 20,000 bales; and the total figures for this season's arrivals give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years :—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
Monday's Receipts.	20,000	37,000	31,000
Two day's do. ...	39,000	65,000	50,000
Since 1st Sept. 1891...	5,288,000	5,104,000	4,820,000

A small business has been passing in our local market for the staple to-day, and prices are Re. 1 to Rs. 3 per candy lower for Bengals, Belatee, and Khandeish. The purchases for export sum up 950 bales of new Cotton, consisting of 200 bales each of Oomrawuttee, at Rs. 157-61; and Dhamergaum, at Rs. 170; 150 each, of Dhulia, at Rs. 155; and Akola Ginned, at Rs. 167-70; 100 each of Barsee, at Rs. 180; and Nugger Ginned, at Rs. 173; and 50 Nugger, at Rs. 164 per candy, while the Mills took only 150 Pachora, at Rs. 154; and 50 Khangaum Ginned, at Rs. 168 per candy.

WHEAT and SEEDS have been taken to a moderate extent, the former market having been steady, and the latter quiet, but prices are unaltered for all kinds.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	9,112 bales.
Wheat	26,726 cwt.
Linseed	5,946 „
Gingelly	20,693 „
Poppyseed	645 „
Groundnuts	1,475 „
Castorseed	4,534 „

FREIGHTS.—This market has been quiet but steady. Business has been done for Antwerp, for January shipment, at 21s. per ton, for Cotton; for Hamburg, February shipment, at 21s. for Wheat, and 20s. for Linseed; and for Marseilles, February shipment, at 18s. 9d. per ton for Seeds.

EXCHANGE opened at a further decline of 1-32d., and gradually fell to 3-32d. below yesterday's final quotations. Several transactions have transpired at various rates for ready and forward delivery, both ways, and we may call the market weak at the close, at the following quotations for ready business :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4½d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 3-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 3-16d.	„
Credits do.	1s. 4 9-32d.	„
Francs do.	1·71¼	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been weak and declining, and Fours, after receding to 105⅝ for cash; 105⅜ for the next settlement; and 105⅜ for the March account, in the earlier part of the day, had a further heavy drop, the cash price closing at 105⅜, and account rates irregular. For 4½ per cents the quotation is now 104½.

SHARES have continued quiet and steady on the whole, but there has been a little more movement in Cotton Mill Scrip, and we note a decline of Rs. 20 in Bombay National, and of Rs. 15 in Jeoraz Balloo and National; and an advance of Rs. 25 in Indian Manufacturing; of Rs. 5 in Lukmidas; and Rs. 2½ in Mazagon, at our revised quotations.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

JANUARY 26.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Telegraphic communication with Assab and Massowah interrupted through failure of Assab-Perim cable.
Gunboat will leave Perim for Assab every Thursday and Sunday during interruption of cable.
Cable San Thome Loanda interrupted.
Cable Zanzibar Mombassa interrupted. Steamer leaves Zanzibar Saturday, 13th.
Mauritius mail closes at Zanzibar at noon, Saturday 13th.
At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Passiet.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 26th January, 1892.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	25	7	50 p.m.	4	8
Teheran	26	1	58 p.m.	..	32
Suez	26	2	50 p.m.	..	14

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 26th January, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	51	..	4
„ Kurrachee	..	6	..	1
„ Madras	..	37	..	2

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

[Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindhia-Neemuch, Rewari-Ferozepore and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.]
Approximate return of traffic for the week ended 16th January, 1892, on 1,671·82 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	103,600	3,25,000	4,000	4,32,600
Or per mile of railway	62	194	2	258
For previous week of half-year	1,28,000	3,65,000	5,000	4,98,000
Total for 2 weeks	2,31,600	6,90,000	9,000	9,30,600
Comparison Total for corresponding week of previous year [on 1,671·82 miles open]	98,729	3,45,628	5,862	4,50,217
Per mile of Ry do.	59	207	3	269
Total to corresponding date do.	2,44,222	7,99,394	13,507	10,57,123

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 18,217
Do. to date ..... „ 1,27,123

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SUNDAY NIGHT, JAN. 25.
10 p.m. — 75·9

MONDAY, JAN. 26.
6 a.m. — 73·7
10 a.m. — 78·3
2 p.m. — 86·4
4 p.m. — 84·3

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 26th January, 1892.
Means of observations at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·903
Temperature of the Air	78·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71·8
Dew Point	69·0
Relative humidity of Air	0·737
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·8
Maximum temperature of air read (at 8 a.m. next day)	85·1
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	67·8
General Directions of Wind *	NE, ENE, NE, ESE, WNW, N, NE.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours *	191

* From midnight to midnight.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

CAMA—January 26, at Small Colaba, Dossabhoy Framji Cama, aged 63. Deeply regretted.

RANGOON.

BIRTH.

FULTON—January 17, at Rangoon, the wife of E M H Fulton, Judicial Commissioner, Lower Burma, of a daughter.

SIND.

DEATH.

ROBINSON—January 13, at Karachi, of pneumonia, M Robinson, late Permanent Way Inspector, North-Western Railway, Jacobabad.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1892.

THE Bombay Government have hitherto been credited by the various organs of public opinion in this Presidency with a sincere desire to help forward all schemes of railway extension which can be proved to have a reasonable prospect of serving the interests of the public, and of bringing in a sufficient return upon the capital invested in them. In Lord Reay's time they undoubtedly worked hard, and to some extent successfully, towards that end. We hope that they will not now give the public occasion for a revision of judgment upon the subject. But there is reason for misgiving if what we hear as to the terms on which they are proposed to grant concessions for some of the feeder lines in Gujerat and elsewhere is correct. Lord Harris's Government, it is well-known, have done unquestionably good service in acquiring information as to the traffic possibilities of the Gujerat districts through which it is proposed to run feeder lines. They have, through the district officers, carried out a series of what may be called traffic surveys along the proposed lines of communication, and have put the public in possession of facts in regard thereto which clear the way for active operations at an early date. They have shown that three, at least, out of five projected lines, can be carried out with the promise of substantial profit. Having no considerable funds of their own for railway enterprise they have thus far shown no inclination to take up these projects as provincial lines, nor, so far as we know, have they accepted the principle of a joint guarantee from provincial and district revenues. But we understand that Government have drawn up a model agreement for companies willing to construct feeder lines in Gujerat and elsewhere—the Barsi line we apprehend, would come under the same agreement—and if the account which reaches us of one of the principal stipulations of this agreement is correct it will do exceedingly little to promote the interests of railway extension which Government profess to have greatly at heart. The companies, we hear, are to undertake to charge the same rates upon their lines as the main lines which they are intended to feed with traffic. Now, considering that these lines will all of them be very short, ranging from twenty miles upwards, this will impose restrictions upon them which will seriously hamper their working, and in most cases, it is feared, will amount to all the difference between successful and unsuccessful working. That a line with a "lead" of say, twenty or thirty miles, cannot afford to carry at the same mileage rates as one with a lead of several hundred miles is a truism, but it is a truism which the Bombay Government have temporarily ignored. Temporarily, we say, for it can hardly be that if Government have recourse to their railway advisers they will continue to insist upon a stipulation which an expert would hold to be seriously detrimental to the prospects of any undertaking. In one of the cases that the agreement would affect this stipulation would be especially unnecessary, apart from its injustice to the company, inasmuch as the line is intended to run along a high road along which there is a brisk cart transport, the competition of which would effectually prevent excessive charges. In cases, too, where the trade would be mostly outwards, it would be as uneconomic to prescribe fixed rates for outward and inward traffic as it would be to charge the same freight for outgoing and incoming steamers. The promoters of these undertakings, with a traffic of their own to build up, are not likely to take advantage of their monopoly, even where it exists, and, as we have shown, in some cases no monopoly would exist. Still, if the public need to be protected, there is the always available security of fixing maximum rates, fixed with due regard to the conditions on which the traffic is to be carried on. If the Government of Bombay still insist upon this condition people will begin to ask if their desire to promote railway extension in this Presidency is much less platonic than that of the Imperial authorities whose utterances we quoted the other day—utterances which we showed to be in ludicrous contrast with their performances.

THE conditions of the concession by the Municipality of Madras to Messrs. William Hutchinson and Co., of London, for the construction of eighteen miles of tramways have been approved by the Government of Madras, with the sanction of the Government of India. The first and second sections, some six miles in length, are to be constructed within two years, and the whole completed within five. The terms imposed on the concessionaires are much less onerous than those obtained by the Bombay Tramway Company. For seven years not only the tramways themselves, but the machinery connected with them, and offices, sheds, and depots will be exempt from Municipal taxation. After the expiration of two years a nominal rent of Rs. 200 per annum will be paid to the Municipality—an amount which on the side of liberality compares well with the rental of Rs. 36,000 paid by the Bombay Company for the use of the public road-ways. In twenty-one years the city may take over the Tramways, on reimbursing the Company the whole of the expenditure on capital account, with one-fourth of that amount added by way of compensation for the compulsory acquisition of the undertaking. The use of horse, steam, or electric power—whether conveyed by over-head or underground wires—is optional with the Company. The intention is to utilise electric power, which, when laid down in the first instance, so that there is consequently no sacrifice of existing stock, is found to be the most economical of available motors. The permission to use overhead wires, which are generally preferred in the United States, and are employed for working a tramway in Rome, will obviate the cost and loss inseparable from a system of underground wires, which require to be insulated. The insulation is constantly getting out of order, and is difficult of access. It is claimed for electricity that it is more economical than horse-power, gives greater speed, and being under more complete control, lessens the liability to collisions and other accidents, while the streets are less encumbered, more clean and less worn. Four hundred electric railways are in operation in the United States, and it is found that there is no danger to life from the use of the electric current, which is of low tension. The wires are carried on poles in the centre of the street, and cannot get into contact with passengers, houses, or trees. The saving effected in the up-keep of the road surface, owing to the substitution of electricity for horse-power, is of course a considerable item. The outlay on the Madras tramways, including plant and all expenses, will, it is estimated, be £5,000 per mile. The Calcutta tramways cost £20,000 per mile. The cost per mile of the Bombay tramways few mortals know, and they will not tell; but we doubt whether it was at all comparable to that of the Calcutta lines. It is quite possible to make tramways at even far higher figure. For instance in Buenos Ayres, each of the thirteen miles of tramway cost £29,000. In London the North Metropolitan beat this record, reaching the princely figure of £33,000 per mile; yet it pays ten per cent. dividend on a capital of £1,277,000. The fact seems to be that in every sense these and other tramways were "over-horsed." The more economical lines which can now be laid down, and worked by a power which does not require a considerable outlay for horses and for stables, do not require one-fourth of the expenditure hitherto supposed to be indispensable.

LIEUTENANT C. E. JOHNSON has been selected by the Government of India to command the Sikh escort with Commissioner Johnstone. It is only too evident that the Commissioner is in a position of great difficulty, arising out of the defeat and death of Captain Magnire in the course of the operations against the slave-dealers in the Upper Shiré. H. M.'s gun-boat Swallow, we learn *via* London, has been ordered to the Zambesi to assist the Commissioner, who is apparently hard-pressed by the Arabs. Captain Cecil Maguire was despatched from India some six months ago in command of a detachment of seventy Sikhs to assist in establishing order and putting down the slave trade in Nyassaland. After some desultory operations, Commissioner Johnston and Captain Maguire arrived at a town named Makanjera, in pursuit of a slave-trading caravan. The town was strongly stockaded for defence, and for two days offered a stout resistance. After two days' fighting the town was captured and completely destroyed, the loss on the British side being slight;; three sepoys and an African were wounded. One hundred and three slaves were liberated. This success was followed up by active measures which resulted in the dispersal of another caravan, and the release of one hundred and sixty-six slaves. A somewhat hazardous innovation on African practice was then made. The slave-dealers were tried and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment, on the ground that their expeditions were organised in July last, and that they must, therefore, have been cognisant of the fact that the slave trade was prohibited. As the result has shown, it was imprudent to venture on this high-handed proceeding when the force available was so inadequate. For the moment all seemed to go well with the expedition. Oponda agreed to turn all slave-traders out of his country, and promised to rebuild his burned capital. The Commissioner built a fort on the opposite bank of the Shiré so as to command Oponda's country. Assisted by the German African Company's steamer Dormira, the little force crossed Lake Nyassa, and compelled several slave raiding Chiefs to sign agreements to give up slave raiding, and release recently caught slaves. It was apparently while on this expedition, in the country south-east of Lake Nyassa, that the Arabs took the offensive, and attacked the column, which consisted of Sikhs and Native Police, only one hundred all told. In the fighting Captain Maguire, who was in command of the Sikhs, was killed; as were also two other Europeans, and six sepoys, while six men were wounded. A subsequent account states that Captain Maguire, when attacked, had with him only a section of the little force, and Commissioner Johnston, it was stated, was pursuing the raiders. The despatch of a gun-boat to the assistance of the Commissioner indicates, however, that instead of pressing the Arabs, he has had to retire to the Zambesi and send for help. The unwisdom of endeavouring to enforce "law and order" in a vast region infested with Arab slave-traders, at the head of gangs of desperadoes, which have only to unite to completely outnumber the little detachment sent against them, is now sufficiently apparent.

THOUGH both France and Germany profess an ardent desire for the maintenance of peace, it is noteworthy that they persistently refer to the coming war in all their observations on military subjects. Newspapers as well as military journals keep up a constant criticism of every fresh incident in connection with either army, and contrasts between the various branches of the two armies are perpetually finding their way into print. Neither country is wholly satisfied with the condition of its forces, and whilst the German Emperor is restlessly urging forward the drill and instruction of his men, the French authorities it is to be feared, have lost ground owing, according to the *Spectateur Militaire*, to the antiquity of its generals, who retain their old-time dogmas and fail to keep abreast of the age. As regards the comparative efficiency of the Artillery and Infantry little is said, but the question of Cavalry forms an endless subject of dispute. The *Revue de Cavalerie* has just completed a series of articles on the German mounted forces, and in them the writer finds himself compelled to admit that although possessing materials equal if not superior to those with which the Germans have to deal, the French Cavalry is not the equal to that of Germany. Owing to the patriotism of a Parliament which does not oppose military outlay, the French Army has a larger budget than the German, and it might reasonably be supposed that the former would prove superior. But such is not the case, and our contemporary seems to demonstrate that the cause is to be found in the fact that the French have not realised the importance of the revolution wrought in their army by the adoption of obligatory service. That the French Cavalry is not perfect is generally recognised, and Sir Charles Dilke, after witnessing last year's manœuvres, accentuated this in his *Fortnightly* article. Indeed he was led to declare that the best French Cavalry was not equal to the splendid Native Cavalry he had seen the previous year in India. At the same time the excellence of the German Cavalry is everywhere admitted. The writer in the *Revue de Cavalerie* attributes it to the fact that every squadron of German Cavalry has a separate riding-school, whilst in France such is not the case, and whereas the Germans are thus enabled to put every man through a proper course of instruction, in France this is impossible. There is not there, it appears, a riding-school for each regiment, consequently interruptions in the regular course of training continually occur. In Germany such is never the case; the captains have a tolerably free hand in the instruction of their men, and though there, as in France, the short service system prevails, the officers are able to make their men fully efficient. The French have so far failed to recognise the necessity for high pressure training; the generally alleged inefficiency of the officers is indignantly refuted by the French military papers. But it is evident that they do not appreciate the newly-imposed necessities of the short service system, which allows them far less time than formerly in which to achieve that efficiency which their country so strongly desires.

SOME months since we called attention to the hardship experienced by the young men who were induced to enter the Subordinate Medical Service as "military pupils" by a circular holding out to them the promise of Rs. 22 per mensem with rations, bedding, clothing, and other extras. When they came to receive their pay they learned to their dismay that Rs. 17-8 were deducted for the rations, leaving but scant margin for all other exigencies. When they asked for the bedding they were given a rug without bed or sheeting, and their clothes consisted of externals merely, without any provision of shirts, socks, or other indispensable articles of attire. So far as we know these grievances are still unredressed. We now hear of other grievances, arising, as it seems to us, from a somewhat similar aberration of the sense of economy, which is, when properly directed, a most useful quality for a Government to possess and exercise within its proper sphere. This time the victims of mistaken parsimony are not the young and the buoyant, but the sick, the aged, and the broken, who have been led by false hopes to seek relief for their sorrows in the public hospitals. According to the complaints which are heard on all sides every hospital in the Presidency has been docked in the quantity of its drugs, and of appliances even more essential than drugs. There is asserted to be a dearth of chloroform, which is, of course, indispensable for the treatment of patients in need of surgical operations; there is, it is stated, in some hospitals a paucity of knives wherewith the operations should be made. Quinine, which no longer costs as it did a few years since, Rs. 12 a pound, is so scarce in some hospitals that it is rarely prescribed, and for the best of reasons. The supply of antiseptics has been so reduced that it would seem that the Government shares the view of the latest surgical experts in London that the antiseptic method of treatment is a barbarous anachronism, unworthy of the *fin de siècle*. What does it all mean? There is of course no desire to stint the profession in the means of cure, or to prolong the ailments and suffering of the sick who resort to the hospitals. Nothing of this kind can be imputed. But evil is wrought by want of thought as well as want of heart. A ukase to cut down expenses has doubtless been issued. When a similar order went forth a few years since, consequent on the demand of the Government of India for a "benevolence" of forty lakhs from the Government of Bombay, it was difficult to procure even a change of sheets in some of the hospitals. The thought does not apparently suggest itself to strong administrators, at their wits' end to effect economies, that in curtailing expenditure on medical relief they are depriving the sick of that which physics pain.

THE collapse of Parliam

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE RISING IN PAHANG.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

Latest despatches from the Straits Settlements state that the loyal forces from Perak and Selangor are gradually hemming in the Pahang insurgents.

THE UNITED STATES AND CHILI.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, JAN. 25.

President Harrison, in a Message to Congress to-day, declares that the bare expression of regret tendered by Chili for the brutal and cowardly attack on the sailors of the U. S. Warship Baltimore is totally inadequate, and the Government of the United States demands an apology and reparation for the outrage, and also the immediate withdrawal and an apology for the grossly insulting Chilian circular.

SANTIAGO, JAN. 26.

The Chilian Government, in compliance with the demands of the United States, have agreed to withdraw the circular complained of, admitting that they committed an error of judgment therein. The Government also withdraw their demand for the recall of Mr. Egan, but proposes arbitration relative to the Baltimore incident.

THE PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

LISBON, JAN. 25.

The Government discountenance the project for the sale of the Portuguese Colonies.

THE TROOPSHIP CROCODILE.

SUEZ, JAN. 26.

H. M.'s Troopship Crocodile arrived here from Bombay yesterday afternoon.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JAN. 26.

The death is announced of General Sir Arthur Johnstone Lawrence.

POONA CAMP-OF-EXERCISE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JAN. 26.

The siege practice to-day was to attempt the destruction of two gun siege battery, provided with overhead protection and a magazine by day. The ordnance used was 3·6 howitzers and ten-inch mortars, the former fired twenty common shell, and the latter twelve common shell. Curved fire for breaching a concealed rivetment was also tried. The ordnance used was 6·3 howitzer ammunition, and twenty-eight common shell. The target was an escarp wall behind, covering a mass of earth. The results were excellent, namely, eight hits on two gun battery and ten hits on the rivetment wall and transverse. To-night the firing will be resumed at 6-30, when eight common shell from 6·3 howitzers and four common shell from ten-inch mortars will be fired at two gun siege battery. After this the second Artillery position, about sixteen hundred yards, will be armed at night, the French Railway being brought into play. For transporting guns and platforms, two Regiments are working daily in the parallels, morning and evening, and the work is progressing. To-day Colonel Goldsmith, Commanding the Northerners, attacked the defender's centre on Lohogaon Kallaswalla, but was unable to break through the line. On Friday a convoy from Alundi endeavours to pass into the entrenchments by the west end of the Sisters. Colonel Kaye, R.A., commands the convoy escort of Colonel Westmacott. A Force has been detailed to oppose him, and the fight should come off in the vicinity of the west end of the Sisters. The Commander-in-Chief and Staff have just returned from the field-day of this morning.

THE LATE PANDIT AJOODHIANATH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 26.

A large representative meeting was held at Patcheappa's Hall, Mr. Norton presiding, to express regret for the death of Pandit Ajoodhianath. Telegrams, sympathising with the meeting, were received from several places. The chairman opened the proceedings with a short speech. The following resolutions, moved and seconded by Messrs. Subramania Aiyar Jaga Row Ramasami Raju Rajah Sir Savalai Visvanatha Iyar and Canniah Chettiar respectively, were adopted in solemn silence, the whole assembly rising :—(1) This meeting desires to place upon record the high sense and appreciation of the splendid and disinterested services rendered by Pandit Ajoodhianath to the cause of the Indian National Congress, and to record its deep and lasting regret for the loss of a leader, who in his own person combined so many brilliant qualifications for command. (2) The chairman be authorized to convey to the relatives of Pandit Ajoodhianath the above resolution with the assurance that this meeting is in deep sympathy with them over the premature close of his distinguished career.

THE COLLISION OF THE S. S. LINDULA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 26.

A marine court-of-enquiry into the cause of the s.s. Lindula colliding with the sunken wreck of the ship Regius was held to-day. The evidence of the harbour master, who was in charge, the pilot, the assistant harbour-master, and the officers seemed to point to the disregard of the telegraph signals by the engineer, the last order having been "full speed astern" while the vessel still forged ahead ; but the evidence of the engineer is against this. The Legal Remembrancer submitted a certificate that the third engineer be dealt with, but the court decided to merely report to the Government in the usual way.

THE JUNAGADH GADI.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

JUNAGADH, JAN. 26.

The Political Agent arrived here last night, and after paying a visit of condolence and sympathy this morning on behalf of his Excellency the Governor to the family of his Highness the late Nawab Sahib Bahadurkhanji, G.C.I.E., left by the train for Porbandar.

THE DIRECTOR OF INDIAN MARINE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 26.

Captain Hext, R. N., Director of Indian Marine arrived to-day in the steamer Rasmara.

THE MADRAS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

General Dormer, Commander-in-Chief of Madras, accompanied by Major Grant, V. C., Aide-de-Camp, arrived by mail to-day, and was received at the station by an Aide-de-Camp, and will be the guest of H. E. the Viceroy during his stay here.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

NAPLES, JAN. 25.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, left here yesterday evening.

PLYMOUTH, JAN. 25.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Rosetta arrived here this morning.

LONDON, JAN. 25.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macarthur arrived here this morning.

HONGKONG, JAN. 26.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Melpomene left this for Bombay this afternoon.

ADEN, JAN. 26.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Maria Teresa arrived here from Bombay this morning.

ZANZIBAR, JAN. 26.

The Mala Real Portugueza Line s. s. Ibo safely arrived here this morning from Bombay via Marmugao.

COLOMBO, JAN. 26.

O. L. mail steamer Oraya arrived from Aden.
O. L. mail steamer Ophir arrived from Australia.

TRINCOMALLEE, JAN. 26.

H. M. S. Himalaya arrived from Colombo.

The Italian steamer Bisagno, which left Bombay on the 13th, arrived at Singapore to-day ,the 26th inst.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 25.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	3 9-16
The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1 4
2½ per cent. Consols for account	95⅝.
3 per cent. French Rentes	95f
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	71 1-16.
4½ per cent. „	70¼.
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106¼.
Bar Silver	42 9-16.

The sum of about £150,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION RESULTS.

THE results of the triennial Municipal elections of the Councillors by the rate-payers were declared yesterday evening. The results are provisional and subject to modification when objections and challenges are considered. The names of the candidates are given below in order according to the number of votes secured by them. The candidates against whose names asterisks are marked should be taken as unsuccessful candidates.

FORT WARD.—6 SEATS.

	Votes.
1 Mr. Harkisandass Narotamdas	695
2 Mr. Goverdhandass Gokuldass Tejpal	685
3 Mr. Dinshaw Eduljee Vatcha	615
4 Mr. K. M. Shroff	551
5 Mr. J. R. Duxbury	380
6 Mr. Nanabhoy N. Katrak	357
7* Dr. F. D. Divecha	293

MANDVIE WARD.—8 SEATS.

1 Dr. A. G. Viegas	1,683
2 Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola	1,243
3 Mr. Fazulbhoy Jumabhoy Laljee	1,095
4 Mr. Rahimtoola Kheraj	1,011
5 Mr. Goolam Hoosein Allana	880
6 Mr. Rahimtoolla Mahomed Sayani	843
7 Mr. Abdoola Meherally Dharamsey	815
8 Mr. Vandravandas Purshotumdass	752
9* Mr. Vithalrao K. Oudekar	645
10* Dr. Rustom N. R. Ranina	364

BHOOLESHWAR WARD.—8 SEATS.

1 Mr. Jagmohandass Vandravandass	1,862
2 Mr. Damodar Thakersey Mooljee	1,456
3 Mr. Tribhovandass Mungaldass Nathoobhoy	1,399
4 Mr. Badroodin Abdoolla Kur	1,360
5 Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee	1,267
6 Mr. Bamanjee Pestanjee Master	919
7 Mr. Tribhovandass Varjeowandass	875
8 Mr. Kursondass Chhabildass	792
9* Mr. Nowroji Byramji Suntook	784
10* Shamrao M. Rele	511
11* Dr. Jamnadass Premchand	276

GIRGAUM WARD.—5 SEATS.

1 Dr. Ardeshir Dadabhoy Modi	695
2 Mr. Surendranath Dinanath Khote	616
3 Dr. Meherjeebhoy R. Setna	458
4 Dr. Balchander Krishna Bhatawadekar	457
5 Mr. Chimanlal Harilal Setalwad	354
6* Mr. Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia	317

BYCULLA WARD.—5 SEATS.

1 Mr. Jaya Karadi Lingu	538
2 Mr. Ellapa Ballaram	482
3 Rai Bahadur Laxmansingh	407
4 Dr. F. N. Bisnee	372
5 Mr. Shivajee Dharmajee	252
6* Mr. Narsing Shivajee Dharmajee	162

In the Mandvie ward the results are more doubtful than any other ward owing to the number of objected and doubtful votes, which have yet to be decided.

H. R. H. PRINCE DAMRONG of Siam will return to Bombay on Friday, and will afterwards proceed to Baroda, where he will remain for three days, the guest of H. H. the Gaekwar, who is making great preparations for the reception and entertainment of the Siamese Prince.

THE European manager of the East Indian Railway Colliery at Ranigunge sent a batch of nearly a hundred coolies of both sexes to Allahabad the other day at his own expense, to attend the bathing festival which takes place yearly at the confluence of the sacred rivers.

THE Bombay Philharmonic Society opened their fifth season last night with a performance of the first two parts of Haydn's "Creation." The Town Hall was crowded, and the concert, all round, was one of the finest ever given by the Society. The choruses all went splendidly ; the rendering of some might even be termed brilliant, and the soliosts, Miss Tudball (Gabriel) Mr. Chisholm, (Uriel) and Mr. H. M. Steuart (Raphael) were all in excellent voice, and performed their heavy duties admirably, most credit is undoubtedly due to Miss Tudball, who, owing to the unfortunate illness of Mrs. Walker, undertook the soprano solos, at very short notice. She betrayed not the least nevousness, had all her solos well in hand, and sang with remarkable sweetness and expression. A full account of the concert will appear in to-morrow's issue.

ON the occasion of the marriage in November of Miss Mason, his children's governess, the Earl of Jersey gave the bride away, the Countess accompanying her to the chancel. Her three bridesmaids were her pupils, the Ladies Margaret, Mary, and Beatrice Villiers. The ceremony was performed at the Anglican Church, Sydney. The bridegroom was Professor Allen, of the Melbourne University. The Hon. Arthur George Villiers bore the train of the bridal dress, attired as a page, in sky blue velvet, his cloak lined with white satin. The bridegoom's gift to him was a gold whistle. The bridesmaids also wore pale blue. Lady Jersey was in "crushed strawberry" crepe, with a bonnet composed of pearls, gold spangles, and red currants. The Earl and Countess gave the wedding breakfast on the verandah of the Viceregal residence at Hill View.

THE Austrian Minister of War has issued orders for dogs to be trained for service as messengers and sentinels, and also to assist in discovering the wounded on the field of battle.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, JAN. 8.

WE have recently awakened to the fact that in matters of charity and philanthropy Personal Service is a vastly more important thing than the drawing of cheques. Personal Service is now being given in every parish of this realm, and that to an extent which one can only realise by studying one parish, or a dozen parishes, and then making a little sum in arithmetic. Yet I foresee another change, and a change of the most important kind : I see quite clearly the end of Personal Service, or rather its transformation into the equality of Personal Friendship. Thus, there are three stages of modern philanthropy :—

1. The cheque to relieve distress ; the clergyman to find it out ; the poor man to take it thankfully and humbly ; also the poor man to remain contented with his manner of life, though that be porcine.
2. Personal Service ; men and women living among men and women ; spreading new ideas ; helping not giving ; teaching new wants ; which is civilising.
3. People—poor and otherwise—saying to Personal Service, "Thank you. We shall now do very well by ourselves. We don't want charity ; we won't have your alms ; we have learned all your ideas and have adopted as many of them as we like ; we have arrived at justice in the matter of wages and equity ; we quite understand the value of cleanliness, soberness, and thrift ; we recognise the uses of music, painting, acting, reading, poetry, dancing, travel, and athletics ; we will manage for ourselves all these things in the future. As for the submerged hundreth, they are the people who won't work and the people who can't work. They shall not live in our streets. You may have them if you like."

These, then, are the three grades of modern philanthropy. We have now passed through the first, though it still lingers in places ; we are actively engaged in the second ; the third is to come, and that very soon. I could show you a place where, in fact, it has already begun, the Personal Service being Personal Friendship only. Five or six years ago, I attempted to show how, by a system of street committees, the independence of the working men might be secured. And something of this kind is certainly about to be attempted, either by my way or some other. Let us try to picture the happiness of the working man when he wants no good people around to give him doles, make him clean, teach him temperance, and invite him to religion. His patience under this burden I have long admired. And I have looked for his revolt. Now, I think, he will not revolt, but he is learning what is wanted and he will get it for himself.

I am passionately fond of the theatre, but just as passionately I dislike a long drive of five miles with a grumpy cabman after the performance ; getting home past midnight and getting to bed, after the solace of a little tobacco, at two o'clock instead of eleven. Therefore it is not often that I can compass my favourite amusement. The *matinee*, to which I sometimes go, is played for me and the likes of me. Now, however, there are hopes for us suburbans. The theatrophone is to be turned on, like the telephone. You sit in your own room and the opera is played for you—five miles away—fifty miles away—and you hear every word. Of course the next step will be perfectly easy : with the theatrophone will be joined the theatrescope, by means of which we shall also see, as well as hear, the performance. When the two are perfected, a delightful evening's amusement will be within the reach of everybody all over the world without leaving his arm chair, and whatever the weather. Nobody who can afford the hire or purchase of the instrument will go the theatre, because they will have the play laid on at home like the gas. The theatre will be either all pit and gallery, in which case the literary character of the drama may suffer, or there will be no auditorium at all, and the players will play straight into the theatrophone and the theatroscope, while the telephone brings them back the thundering applause of a million—twenty million—fifty million auditors. Because, you see, a popular piece will be demanded by the whole English-speaking race at the same time, and my estimate of fifty millions is really under the mark. But fancy playing and singing to fifty millions of people all at the same time ?

"You will not believe this story," said the man who sat next—we were snowbound, or prisoners in the Soudan, or we were casuals in a pauper ward, or chance travellers at an inn, or passengers on a steamer—everybody knows how circumstances compel people to tell stories which are afterwards put together for a Christmas Annual. This is one of the stories cut down a little. "I say," he repeated, because we were all yawning ; the last story had been indeed dull, "you will not believe this story. Nevertheless I mean to tell it. The time was Christmas Eve," he looked round with so much determination that those who thought of flight into the wild and frozen night, or across the hot and sandy desert, or to the wet and slippery deck, only sighed and shook their heads. "Christmas Eve," I say, that season when heart meets heart, and. . . Well, but you have had that in the other stories, and it is stale. I pass on. There was dinner—a copious dinner, with sherry, champagne, claret, and port. At midnight, tobacco and whiskey. At two, bed.

"What was it," he asked, but nobody moved, "that made me think of it ? Forty years had passed since I heard of it. I was then a boy of nine or ten—I am now fifty. I heard of it because everybody talked about it. I was staying there for my holidays, my Christmas holidays. The diamonds were lost. That was it. On Christmas Eve there was a party. She wore those diamonds. In the morning they were missing. Now she had taken them off and put them in her dressing-case, in the case that belonged to them, before going to bed. In the morning they were gone. The house had not been entered ; nor had any one left it when the loss was discovered ; every room was searched ; every chest of drawers, cupboard, box, trunk, every pocket was examined. I believe they took up the carpets and prised up the hearthstones and dived into the cistern, and swept the chimneys : in vain : the diamonds could not be found ; they were worth about 2,000*l*. The thing made a great impression upon my mind, because my own portmanteau was searched, and I remember wondering what would happen to me if the horrid things were found there, and what I should have to make up in order to account for their presence. Besides, everybody in the house was talking about it, and everybody talked at once. Magpies were suggested ; everybody was suspected ; the cat was watched. For my own part, as soon as I found that the things were not in my portmanteau I worried no more about the matter. Presently I went home, went back to school, and thought no more of it. Thought no more for forty years, when I went to that house again for Christmas, my host being the eldest son of the lady who had lost the diamonds—at the time of my visit, a young man of twenty-one.

"It was, as I said, Christmas Eve, when the Yule log had . . . but you have had that. I say, then, that at two o'clock I went to bed, full up with many kinds of drink, jovial, quite light about the heels and rather heavy in the shoulders ; my fire was burning brightly ; the room was pleasantly warm. I undressed, turned down the light and got into bed, and instantly fell asleep. That was a quarter-past two.

"I awoke after what seemed to me a sleep of hours. I was broad awake. Suddenly I remembered that old business of the lost diamonds. I had not thought about the matter since I left the house on my first visit to go back to school. Now the whole thing came back to me fresh and clear. I remembered the talk, the clatter, the suspicions. I pushed up the pillow and lay upon my back with my eyes open, remembering. There is a luxury in lying in a warm bed on a cold night, remembering, unless you begin to think how old you are getting. And then the thing happened. O yes, it happened at a quarter to three, because by the firelight and the glimmer of the gas I could see the clock on the mantelshelf. It was a quarter to ree, I was broad awake, mind—brimful of drink, if you like, but not drunk—peaceful and happy. Then the door, which I had locked, slowly and quietly turned on its hinges, as if opened with great caution, and a young lady appeared. I could not see her face, because she held her right hand up to her forehead as if trying to hide it. She was dressed in a long pink dressing-gown ; her feet were bare ; her long fair hair fell down to her ankles ; she had something in her left hand. She stood in the middle of the room looking round her as if in uncertainty, or as if she was searching for something. Placed against one side of the room was a large armoire containing shelves, drawers in the middle, behind a full-length mirror, with doors for hanging dresses. On the top of the armoire, in the middle, was a bronze bust of Homer or Shakespeare, or somebody—a thing belonging by rights to a library rather than a bedroom. She drew a chair, mounted it, lifted the bust with great difficulty, for it was heavy, placed whatever it was that she carried in her hand on the top of the armoire, covered it with the bust, contemplated the arrangement for a few moments, withdrew the chair to its proper place, and left the room. The door closed after her. I sprang out of bed, examined the lock and bolts—the door was fastened ; I placed the chair where the girl had placed it ; I mounted and lifted the bust ; I found under it a jewel-case ; I opened the case ; it was filled with diamonds. Then I understood. I knew who had stolen the jewels ; it was the girl with the long fair hair ; I had discovered the secret. So I got down, went back to bed not in the least surprised or terrified—just as if nothing extraordinary had happened, and fell asleep immediately. In the morning I remembered what I had seen. I mounted the chair again and looked under the bust. Now," he looked round triumphantly, "no one will believe this. It is incredible, I acknowledge, but it is quite true. Nothing whatever was under the bust—not even the empty case."

"O ! yes—yes—we all believe it, we all believe it," cried everybody."

"But that is not all. There is a sequel. Of course I began to recall the people who were in the house when the thing happened. There was the Squire, his wife, their two sons, and three daughters. There was the cook, the under-cook, the lady's-maid, the parlourmaid, the housemaid, the footman, and the page. There were others—visitors in the house—one boy besides myself, and two girls. Could one of the girls be my apparition of the fair hair and the pink dressing-gown ? Now the last thing that a boy of ten remembers or considers is a casual girl, or half-a-dozen casual girls. I could not remember. I resolved to get to the bottom of this.

"After breakfast I got a chance. We all walked to church ; the young people divided themselves up into groups of twos and threes, the elders marched along behind. Presently I found myself with my host. 'Jack,' I said, 'I was thinking of the first time that I came to this house—forty years ago—have you forgotten ? It was the Christmas when the diamonds were lost.'

"'Of course, I remember that Christmas. It was deuce of a time. Yes. Those diamonds !'

"'Let me see. There was your own home party. Then there was young Blakiston—'

"'He's dead. Killed in the Indian Mutiny when he had just joined.'

"'Ah ! And there were two girls—schoolgirls—do you remember them ?"

"He laughed.

"'One of them, certainly, I ought to remember.'

"'To me they are shadows. I don't know why I think about them. One had long fair hair, and was tall for her age.'

"'Yes. She was very tall then, and is so still. Her hair was the most beautiful ever given to a woman. She is walking in front of us at this moment, and she is my wife.'

"'O !' This was rather a facer. 'And about the diamonds ?'

"'They were found after some years. They were found by my wife herself on her first visit after our engagement. She dreamed that they were under a bust—most remarkable thing ! She could not tell us what kind of bust : we searched in the library and found nothing. Then some one thought of a bust in a bedroom—your present room, I think, and, by Jove ! there they were, hidden away ; two thousand pounds' worth of diamonds ! The most wonderful thing in the world ! They are hers now, and I will ask her, as you were in the house at the time of the robbery, to wear them to-night. No one was ever suspected or discovered. There's the last bell.'

"In the evening the lady did wear her diamonds. I leave you, gentlemen, to make what you can of this strange adventure."

When he concluded, there was a dead silence For the space of five minutes nobody uttered a word. Then a man who spoke with an American accent began : "That is a strange story. I will now tell you what happened to me on my last voyage from San Francisco to Hong-Kong. It won't take long. I was lying down in my cabin after lunch. We lunched well on that line, and the afternoons were mostly spent in repose. While I lay there, half asleep, I became conscious of the presence of somebody else in the cabin. I opened my eyes and found it was a lady. She was young, beautiful, and well dressed. I sprang up, apologised for my shirt-sleeves, and we began to talk. It did not seem in the least unusual that she should be there, and we talked compana talk—parlour talk, you know—about books and preachers, and what not. Then she disappeared. I do not know how nor why. Perhaps I had said something that she took offence at—women are so sometimes. Then I put on my coat, and I went outside. In the saloon there were sitting and talking together two men whom I knew. One was a Senator. I do not know what they were talking about. But the Senator took out his pocket-book to look for a letter. There dropped a photograph—a cabinet photograph—on the floor. I picked it up. "Senator,' says I, that lady's been spending an hour in my cabinet.' 'Has she ?' says he ; 'then she's come all the way from Frisco across the water, for that's where I left her.' I looked again. 'There is the lady,' I said ; 'there can't be any mistake,' and we talked for an hour and more. 'Look here, mister,' says the Senator, 'next time you want ghosts in your cabin, get the ghost of some other man's wife ; for you shan't have mine,' he says, 'or I'll know the reason why.' 'Senator,' I said, 'I didn't call that ghost, and I didn't know she was your wife. If she comes again, it will be without my calling ; but I'm bound to behave politely, whether you like it or not.' And, if you'll believe me, the Senator wouldn't speak to me for the rest of that voyage. Jealous, you see. Well—that's all. I know you won't believe it, but that's all. Nothing more happened. She never came again. I suppose the Senator sent her word that he wouldn't have it."

There were more stories told, but these seem to belong to the festive season, and so I tell them here. Why it should be considered festive to tell ghost stories, gruesome ghost stories, no one can explain. As a matter of fact, I do not consider the dark nights of winter by any means so ghostly as the twilight of summer. In the former one sees nothing ; it is so cold that we keep indoors ; we have bright lights and bright fires ; we bury ourselves under thick coverings ; we have joyous gatherings of children ; we dance, and sing, and feast. In the summer months there are no lights and fires ; when the sun sets, twilight, not darkness, begins ; then the shadows under the trees seem moving things ; they shift about like spectres ; they point long arms ; you can see faces through the leaves ; you hear whispers from the leaves ; creatures of the night fly about, and knock at windows, and utter unearthly noises ; we sleep under sheets with hands sticking out to invite a ghostly shake ; the windows are open ; there is no time when spirits walk abroad like the time of midsummer. It was not for nothing, mind you, that the Baal-fires were lit on Midsummer Eve.

SARDAR R. B. JEYSINGRAO, ESJEE ANGRIA, Revenue Commissioner, Baroda State, who has been in Bombay for some time, returned to Bombay on Monday.

MR. ADAM ROSEN has been asked by the State authorities to conduct experiments in rain-compelling in Kolhapur. Mr. Rosen, we understand, has received similar instructions from the Municipality at Karachi.

THE LATE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

THE PERIOD OF MOURNING.

THE following notification was issued yesterday afternoon in a Government *Gazette* extraordinary :—

Bombay Castle, 26th January.

In accordance with Notification, Public, No. 117, dated 20th January, 1892, published in the *Gazette of India* of that date and in modification of para 2. of this Government Notification No. 145, dated 19th January, 1892, his Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council directs as follows :—

It is expected that all persons will remain in mourning for three weeks from the date of the death of his Royal Highness the late Duke of Clarence and Avondale, or until February 5, that being the duration of the general mourning which has been proclaimed for Great Britain and Ireland.

Officers of her Majesty's Civil, Military, and Marine Services will remain in mourning for six weeks, or until February 26, that being the duration of the official mourning which has been proclaimed for Great Britain and Ireland.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s steamer Thames, with the English mails of the 15th instant, left Aden at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon, and may be expected to arrive in Bombay on Saturday night or early on Sunday morning. The Thames, which communicated with the Oceana at Aden, brings the following passengers :—

For Madras (via Bombay).—From London.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Farrer, Mrs. S. B. Hunt, Miss Kitchener, and Miss Joseph.

For Kurrachee (via Bombay).—From London—Miss Dixon and Mr. Gordon.

From London.—Mr. L. W. Tergen, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Erskine, Miss E. Constable, Mr. W. King, Mr. and Mrs. Fenwick, Mr. and Mrs. Beckett and maid, Mrs. Brooks, Mr. J. F. Thorn, Mr. W. Davidson, Mr. J. R. Campbell, Mr. Mackrow, Mr. R. Todd, Miss M. Mansell, Mr. Sutton, Mr. C. Gardner, Mr. H. B. Rendle, Mr. and Mrs. Shepperd, Mr. Forster, Mr. and Mrs. Hewson and three children, Mr. Kergwin, Mr. Cairns and maid, Capt. W. F. Peel, Mr. Ellis, Mr. Minnett, Lieut. F. A. Maxwell, Mrs. and Master McNee, Mr. A. Channon, Mr. Gallagher, Messrs. F. and H. Doviene, Mr. Killner, and Master and Miss Chadderton.

From Venice—Chevalier F. Scheibler.

From Brindisi.—Mr. F. G. Stuart, Mr. T. Hartley Mrs. Hartley, Lieut. Tomlin, Miss Smart, Mr. Chalmers Mr. Douse, Mr. Jamieson, Mr. L. B. Cowen, Mr. P. C. Walker, Rev. R. Clavey, Mr. T. H. Moore, and Mr. F. B. Behr.

GOA NEWS.

THE Goa Government has passed a resolution on the Damaun fraud case. Mr. C. M. Pereira Garcez, the receiver of the treasury at Damaun, has been dismissed, and Mr. Raymundo Maria Fernandes appointed to take charge on payment of a money deposit of Rs. 8,000 as security. The second clerk, Mr. Ponciano Jose Martinho de Souza, has been suspended for three months. The Sub-Inspector of the Treasury at Goa has been deputed with two clerks to enquire into the defalcations, which are supposed to amount to a much larger figure than has been known at present. The income of the public treasuries having considerably increased from 1879 up to date, the security money for the receivers has been proportionately increased in all the provinces in Goa, Damaun, and Diu. There were widespread rumours that the detachment of the newly-recruited soldiers embarked from Goa to Macau was lost in the sea, the vessel conveying them having foundered on the way after she left Colombo. A letter has, however, been received from a passenger from Saigon, on the 2nd instant, that the crew suffered dreadfully from influenza and the boisterous sea, but the vessel reached Saigon, and was expected to arrive at Macau about the 15th of this month. Senhor Henrique Ferreira Galvao has been appointed Delegate to the Advocate-General at Salsette, in place of the late Angelino Motta Veiga, who died in Lisbon. The Margaum Club, of which Veiga was the founder, held a public meeting on the 21st instant, to express sympathy with the deceased's family.

THE DAMAUN DEFAMATION CASE.

THIS case, in which the Right Rev. Don Antonio Pedro da Costa, Bishop of Damaun, was charged with defamation by Messrs. Nunes and De Monte was continued yesterday before Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court. Lord Colin Campbell, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, prosecuted, and Mr. Craigie of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen defended.

Mr. DeMonte, re-examined by Lord Colin Campbell, said : If the Vicar was caught hold of by the hand and turned out of the meeting it would be illegal. By this witness meant if forcibly caught hold of by the hand or if any physical force were used. If the Vicar misconducted himself the parishioners could apply to the Bishop to remove him, and if the latter declined they could apply to the Government who had the power to appoint a Magistrate to take votes in order to ascertain the opinion of the majority in regard to the question of the removal of the Vicar. The Bishop came to the meeting of May 10, and said he was not afraid of the disturbance that was going on in the parish, because all the parishioners were respectable and attended to their work. Somebody said the parishioners had made some regulation which should be sent to the Bishop and it was in reference to this regulation that Mr. Nunes said they had nothing to do with the Bishop or the Pope.

Mr. Nunes, cross-examined, said he considered the Bishop did not act in good faith, because by his pastoral letter he extracted or forced three lakhs of rupees of the property of the church. The accused further did not act in good faith, because he was perfectly aware of the decision as to the right of the parishioners regarding the administration of the church property. And witness also printed at a cost of Rs. 70 the judgment of Sir Erskine Perry which he forwarded to the Bishop. The Cannon Law is not respected by the judicial authorities in Portugal or Goa, because the Bishop is a Portuguese subject. Because the Cannon Law was not respected by the judicial authorities in Portugal ; that was one of witness's reasons for saying the accused did not act in good faith. The Bishop, in his letter of excommunication referred to a chapter of St. Mathew, and in that very chapter it was provided, "My Kingdom is not of this world, render to Cæsar what is Cæsar's, and to God what is God's." Knowing full well the money did not belong to the holy orders witness said accused acted in bad faith. The property that was given to the church belonged to Cæsar, and if the Bishop held an opposite opinion he held it in bad faith. Witness did not know that the Bishop had very carefully held himself aloof from the civil proceedings in the High Court. Witness was not aware of a single fact to show that the Bishop had taken part in those proceedings. In all matters the parish had to deal with what was necessary for the parishioners, and to act jointly with the Vicar. Anything the Vicar might do in the parish without the assent of the parishioners would be irregular, informal and illegal ; but if the parishioners should do anything without the consent of the Vicar it would not be informal, irregular, or illegal.

The case was here adjourned till Saturday, at 3. p.m.

AT the High Court yesterday, a suit brought by Captain H. de B. Hovell, of the Worcestershire Regiment, against Cursetjee Rustomjee, printer and publisher of the *Poona Observer* newspaper, to recover Rs. 5,000 as damages for the wrongful act of the defendant in falsely and maliciously publishing certain defamatory statements concerning the plaintiff in the paper of the 18th July last, was heard before the Hon. Mr. Justice Parsons. On the application of the defendant, the Judge in Chambers had made an order for the production, by the plaintiff at the hearing, of certain papers required for the defence. The Advocate-General, who appeared in the case, said he appeared both for the plaintiff and the Bombay Government ; and on behalf of the latter, affirmed that as the documents required to be produced were of an official nature, the plaintiff, by direction of H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, had been ordered not to produce them. His Lordship declined to recognise the latter order, in the face of the order of the Judge in Chambers ; and at the adjournment till Thursday intimated that if the documents were not produced on that day, he should dismiss the suit.

SIR ROPER LETHBRIDGE has just had a most favourable interview with as many members of the Uncovenanted Service as could meet him during his stay at Allahabad.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

ALLEGED WAGERING CONTRACTS IN COTTON.

J. H. TODD AND ANOTHER *vs.* LAKHMIDAS PURSHOTUM.

THE plaintiffs, J. H. Todd and B. E. Durant, of the city of London, merchants, carrying on business in Bombay by their constituted attorney A. M. Todd claimed to recover Rs. 2,457, the amount of differences on several cotton contracts, interest, and costs. Mr. Jardine and Mr. Scott, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for the plaintiffs ; and Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Mr. Wilkin, appeared for the defendant.

The plaintiffs' case was this. By a contract dated 10th August 1890, the defendant contracted with one Runchordas Morarjee to purchase from the latter 200 bales of good class machine ginned Broach cotton, being equivalent to 100 candies, at the rate of Rs. 214 per candy, deliverable between the 15th and 25th March 1891. By a contract dated 5th January 1891, the defendant contracted with one Shewjee Pragjee for the sale to the latter of 200 bales of good-class machine ginned Broach cotton, being equivalent to 100 candies, at the rate of Rs. 202 per candy, deliverable between the above mentioned dates. On the 28th January 1891, Runchordas Morarjee transferred the first-mentioned contract to Shewjee Pragjee. It was agreed between Shewjee Pragjee, and it is the custom of the cotton trade, that the two contracts be set off the one against the other, and the difference between the prices of the contracts, namely, Rs. 12 per candy, be paid to Shewjee. In the early part of March 1891, Shewjee assigned both the contracts to the plaintiffs, and due notice of such assignment was given to the defendant. The plaintiffs thus became entitled to be paid the difference on the due date of the contracts. By a contract dated 8th December 1890, the defendant contracted with Shewjee Pragjee for the sale to the latter of 200 bales of good-class Nuggur pressed cotton, being equivalent to 100 candies, at the rate of Rs. 172 per candy, deliverable between the above-mentioned dates. By a contract dated the 21st December 1890, the defendant contracted with Shewjee for the purchase, by the defendant, of 200 bales of good-class Nuggur pressed cotton, being equivalent to 100 candies, at the rate of Rs. 180 per candy, deliverable between the above-mentioned dates ; and it was agreed in the same manner that the contracts should be set off one against the other, and the difference of Rs. 8 be paid to Shewjee by the defendant. In the early part of March 1891, Shewjee assigned both the contracts to the plaintiffs, who became entitled to be paid the difference on the due date of the contracts. By two contracts dated 30th November and 8th December 1890, the defendant contracted with Shewjee Pragjee for the sale to the latter of 200 bales of good-class Akola cotton, being equivalent to 100 candies, at the rate of Rs. 175 per candy, deliverable between the above-mentioned dates. By a contract dated 21st December 1890, the defendant contracted with Shewjee for the purchase, by the defendant, of 200 bales of good-class Akola cotton at the rate of Rs. 181 per candy, deliverable between the above-mentioned dates ; and it was agreed in like manner that the contracts should be set off, and the difference of Rs. 6 per candy be paid to Shewjee who assigned the last mentioned three contracts also to the plaintiffs ; and they thus became entitled to be paid the difference. Those differences amounted to the sum of Rs. 2,457, of which the plaintiffs demanded payment with interest from the defendant, who had failed to pay any part of the amount.

The defence was that the contracts in question were not real contracts for the sale and delivery of cotton, but were *satta*, or wagering contracts only ; and it was intended, and in fact agreed between defendant and Shewjee Pragjee, that differences only should be paid in respect of the contracts, and that there should be no actual delivery of cotton. The defendant submitted that Shewjee Pragjee ought to be made a party to the suit. Without prejudice to these defences, the defendant said he had no knowledge of the alleged assignments to the plaintiffs, and he denied having received any notice thereof. As to the first-mentioned contract, defendant said that one Hirjee Dewjee, who acted as his broker in the transaction, cancelled it as he was unable to satisfy defendant as to the identity of the person Runchordas Morarjee. Defendant denied the existence of the custom alleged by the plaintiffs, or that he agreed with Shewjee Pragjee that the contracts should be set off one against the other, and the difference in the prices be paid to Shewjee. Defendant alleged that the rest of the contracts were satisfied by him by transferring to Shewjee certain contracts of May delivery entered into by defendant with one Fuzul Ebrahim and one Tarachund Sittaram. Shewjee had with a view to defraud the defendant put up the plaintiffs to bring this suit against him. He submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The hearing of the case was continued during the day.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

ALLEGED DEFAMATION BY THE *POONA OBSERVER*.

CAPTAIN H. DE B. HOV

the 17th July, and saw the proof-reader, Mr Cronan, and enquired of him as to the report of the match which was about to be published. Mr. Cronan showed him the report which had been furnished by the journals's reporter and was then being set up in type. Plaintiff said that the report was wrong and proposed to give a report himself of the matter; and proceeded to dictate such report, which was taken down by Mr. Cronan, handed to the compositors, again revised by the plaintiff and Mr. Cronan, and finally published in the journal of the 18th July. The defendant said that the allegation that the sub-editor noted down and made certain additions of his own was altogether untrue. Such report would not have been published had there been any responsible person in the office at the time; and the defendant said Mr. Cronan was wrong in allowing it to be substituted for the report already received, Mr. Le Mesurier took exception to the report when published, and correspondence took place between him and the editor of the journal; and the article of which the plaintiff now complained was then inserted in the paper. The defendant did not admit that the plaintiff had any just reason to complain of the article, but said further that on receipt of a letter from his solicitors containing the complaint, the same was published in the *Poona Observer* of the 25th August, and at the same time the portions of the article complained of were withdrawn, and regret was expressed that the same had been published. The defendant said that, even if the plaintiff had any reason to feel aggrieved before, he had no ground for complaint after the publication in the issue of the 25th August. It was denied that the plaintiff had suffered damage to the extent of Rs. 5,000 or any damage; and the defendant submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The Advocate-General previous to opening the case, which he did by reading the plaint of his client intimated to the Court that in addition to appearing for Captain Howell he was also present on behalf of Government in order to take exception to the production of certain documents which had been called for by the defence.

Mr. Jardine, on the conclusion of the reading of the plaint, and before Mr. Latham called witnesses, addressing the Court said he thought that would be a convenient time for him to ask the Court to order the plaintiff to produce certain documents for inspection. The plaintiff had made an affidavit to the effect that he was in possession of the documents and correspondence, and they had called upon him to produce them under a judge's summons. The matter came on for argument before the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley on the 26th November, when the summons was made absolute, the plaintiff being ordered to give free inspection of all the documents and letters. The defence had accordingly applied for such inspection, but Mr. Jardine said the plaintiff's solicitors had refused to allow them to see the papers, so that at that moment the plaintiff was guilty of contempt of court. As a matter of fact they had not been able, up to that time, to see the document; and on that ground the learned counsel asked his Lordship to direct that the papers, &c., should be at once produced by the other side. He took exception to Mr. Latham appearing jointly for Government and the plaintiff.

Mr. Latham: I think my learned friend cannot be ignorant of the fact that I appear for Government at the express suggestion of Mr. Justice Bayley, who got the Prothonotary to write to the Commander-in-Chief, so that the question could be argued.

Mr. Jardine: I do not call upon the Commander-in-Chief to produce any documents, I call upon Captain Howell.

His Lordship: I fail to see also what the Government have to do in this matter. Why do they interfere between private clients?

Mr. Latham: Because they are concerned in the matter. This is a question which arises out of section 124 of the evidence Act which lays down that official documents are not to be produced. In this matter Captain Howell has been ordered by the Commander-in-Chief not to produce the documents on the ground that they are confidential, and there being made public would be detrimental to the public interest.

His Lordship: Why did you not explain all this to Mr. Justice Bayley before he made the order? Why did you not go to him before he made the order?

Mr. Latham: We did so.

His Lordship: Then it is no good your coming here when the order has been made. You are liable to have your suit dismissed now for want of prosecution.

Mr. Latham: But what we did was under section 124 of the Evidence Act.

His Lordship: I have nothing to do with that. You were ordered to produce the documents, and you have not done so. I have no power to alter the order.

Mr. Lathem: The Judge in Chambers could alter his order, but, I suppose, Mr. Jardine will ask for the case to be dismissed.

Mr. Jardine: I shall certainly do that.

His Lordship: And as far as I can see he refuses to obey the Court's orders.

Mr. Latham: He is forbidden to do so. There are the orders of the Commander-in-Chief.

His Lordship: But you should have mentioned that matter to Mr. Justice Bayley before he made the order absolute.

Mr. Latham: This is not a personal matter of the plaintiff's, but he has to obey orders unless you rule otherwise.

His Lordship: I do not intend to rule anything of the sort, all I have to say is the order has been made and you have refused to obey it. Can you show any reason for doing so under section 135 of the Evidence Act?

Mr. Latham: It seems quite clear to me that Mr. Justice Bayley, when he made the order, intended that it should be argued before your Lordship. You know we cannot now appeal against the order until the Court has decided this case.

His Lordship: If Mr. Justice Bayley had intended that, he would never have made such an order.

Mr. Latham: But that is why he wrote to the Commander-in-Chief.

His Lordship: I do not know that for a fact.

Mr. Latham: I am sorry that your Lordship should doubt my word. It is not usual for judges to do so.

His Lordship: But how could he order a person to produce documents, and then afterwards have the validity of his order determined; such a thing is perfectly irreconceivable.

Mr. Latham: Then if you do not, under the circumstances, think you can deal with the matter, I would ask that the matter be allowed to stand over to allow us to look into it.

His Lordship: I think I had better dismiss the case, than you can appeal.

Mr. Latham: But it is for the head of the Military Department to determine as to whether the letters shall be produced.

His Lordship: No it is for the plaintiff to do so.

Mr. Latham: The English laws says otherwise.

His Lordship: I do not think the English law applies.

Mr. Latham: I know your Lordship has a contempt for the English law, but would ask for an adjournment so that we can go before Mr. Justice Bayley. Of course, Captain Howell does not wish to keep back the documents, in fact he is most anxious and ready to produce them, but he his not able to do so under the orders of his superior officer. If he disobeyed those orders he might be brought before a Court Martial at once. I have here the original letter from Mr. Justice Bayley from—

Mr. Jardine: I object to any letters from Mr. Justice Bayley to the Commander-in-Chief.

His lordship: You have only, Mr. Advocate-General, to comply with the orders of the Court.

Mr. Latham: If you think that, then I only ask for time to go before Mr. Justice Bayley. I can show a letter from the Commander-in-Chief to the plaintiff's solicitors, Messrs. Chalk, Walker and Smetham, in which he refuses his permission.

His Lordship: I do not see what that has to do with the matter. I have only to deal with the order.

Mr. Jardine: Yes. What have we to do with the orders of the Commander-in-Chief and with Messrs. Chalk, Walker and Smetham?

His Lordship: The only thing I am considering is whether I shall make the order of dismissal now or give it on Thursday.

Mr. Latham: Thursday would be a mockery. I ask for a week in order to apply to Mr. Justice Bayley to revise his order. I ask for that time as we shall probably have to bring down an affadavit from His Excellency.

His Lordship: But you have the documents and can produce them.

Mr. Latham: We cannot do so as the plaintiff is a public officer.

His Lordship: I have nothing to do with that. I am only considering whether I shall dismiss the case now or give you some grace.

Mr. Jardine: When I asked for the production of the documents I mentioned that the matter might be allowed to stand over till Thursday so that we could have Wednesday for the inspection of the letters, but if I had thought the plaintiff would not have produced them I should have at once asked for the case to be dismissed.

Mr. Latham: I may say that Captain Howell, after hearing your decision that he must produce the documents, is willing to do so; but I must now ask your Lordship to hear me on behalf of Government as objecting to their production.

His Lordship: I cannot hear you.

Mr. Latham: Will you rule then that I have no *locus standi* here as Advocate-General? Will you rule that you will not hear me on behalf of Government.

His Lordship: I thought you were speaking on behalf of Government before.

Mr. Latham: No, on behalf of Captain Howell.

Mr. Jardine: I thought he was then appearing on behalf of Government also, he spoke about the Commander-in-Chief's letter.

Mr. Latham: The important point is whether Government is to be heard or not. That is what I should like to know.

Mr. Jardine: This is simply a matter between private parties, so the Government have no right to interpose.

Mr. Latham: Will your Lordship rule that?

His Lordship said an order had been passed on which the plaintiff was liable to have his suit dismissed. In order to give him time to produce the documents, as it was then past five o'clock he would postpone the case to Thursday, when if the order was not obeyed, the suit would be dismissed. He had made a note to the effect that he understood the Advocate-General had been addressing him on behalf of Government, and that it was not necessary for him to be heard further in regard to the matter.

Mr. Latham: It is important to know whether Government has any *locus standi* here or not.

His Lordship: I have decided that, and ruled they have not.

The case was then adjourned till Thursday next.

THE LATE DUKE OF CLARENCE.

MEETING AT KAIRA.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KAIRA, JAN. 23.

IN pursuance of a notice issued by the leading inhabitants of the town of Kaira, a public meeting was held in the Jubilee Hall, to express feelings of sorrow and sympathy to the Queen-Empress and the Royal Family on the most lamented death of Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, when persons of all classes, caste, and creed were present.

On the motion of Rao Saheb Manekial Rasikdas, seconded by Mr. Achratlal Shivlal, and approved unanimously, Khan Bahadur Ardeshir Jamsetjee was called to the chair.

The chairman opened the work of the meeting by the following speech, the audience throughout the proceedings remaining standing:—

Gentlemen,—I consider it an honour to be called on to preside at this meeting, composed of all classes and creed of the citizens of this town, to express sympathy and condolence towards our Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress and the Royal Family at the most sad and untimely death of Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence and Avondale. This young and noble prince, the future heir-apparent of the English Crown; himself full of hopes of the pleasantest nature; the hope of the English and Indian nations; has been suddenly and unexpectedly cut off by the cruel hand of death, which knows no distinction. Gentlemen, this terrible blow has cast a gloom in the Royal household; and all the nationalities of India, as fellow-countrymen, fellow-subjects, and fellow-citizens bemoan, in common with their English brethren, the sad and irreparable loss, which the nation has sustained. Our noble and kind-hearted Queen-Empress, ever intent on winning the hearts of her Indian subjects, has more than once condescended to send her sons among us. The object of such Royal visits was two-fold. In the first place it gave the Royal visitors, who were to rule the destinies of the millions of India, an opportunity to make themselves acquainted by personal enquiries as to the real wants and requirements of this vast country; and in the second it tended to infuse among the people those feelings of affection and gratitude which as loyal subjects we are apt to conceive at the sight of our own ruler among us. The sojourn of this beloved and lamented prince in India, only two years ago, is still fresh in our memory. His modest and amiable disposition, his winning manners, and his sympathy with the poor endeared him to us all. All India then combined to honour and greet him, and he returned home with the blessings of the Indian people. All India now combines to lament his untimely loss. Gentlemen, no words are likely to soothe the pangs of sorrow, which penetrate the hearts of the Royal Family; but if real affection and sympathy towards the bereaved are likely to serve, even in the smallest degree, as a consolation to the broken hearts, then we are here assembled sincerely to give expression to these feelings, and I leave it to the meeting to do so in suitable terms and, then, we shall have the melancholy satisfaction of having done our duty, which as loyal subjects we owe to our Sovereign in her present affliction.

Rao Saheb Chimanlal Lallubhai then proposed the resolution of the meeting, which was seconded by Seth Lallubhai Anopsi, and carried unanimously: "That all classes and communities of the town of Kaira, loyally assembled at this public meeting deeply regret and deplore the most sad and untimely death of his Royal Highness, Prince Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, and take this opportunity to express their sense of the sincerest sorrow and sympathy to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress, their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and to the whole Royal Family in their extremely sad bereavement."

The above resolution was put to the meeting in an impressive speech in the Vernacular, of which the following is the substance:—

Gentlemen,—We have assembled here to bemoan and lament the sad and shocking calamity which has fallen on Her Most Gracious Majesty and the Royal Family and to express our heart-felt unaffected sympathy, and so no pursuasion or advocacy on my part is necessary to gain your support to the resolution. I am confident that we all here are of one mind and share the same feeling. Gentlemen, the premature and untimely death of his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence, at a time when anticipations of long festivities and enjoyments were entertained by the nation, has spread the deepest gloom over the whole empire. We know from newspapers and other sources of information that people of all classes and creeds in the empire have but one feeling of strong and sincere sympathy with her Most Gracious Majesty and the Royal Family in their sad bereavement. Gentlemen, his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence was in the full blossom of life. Two years ago he visited India and endeared himself to every heart by his amiable and cheerful disposition. He was likely to be our future ruler and high hopes were entertained about him. Preparations of every kind were being made for his Royal Highness's marriage with the noble Princess May of Teck. But alas, the ways of the Providence are inscrutable. With the rapidity of lightning he has been snatched away from amongst us by the cruel hand of death. The blow is an unbearable one for her Most Gracious Majesty in her advanced years, under whose benign and merciful sway we enjoy innumerable blessings and perfect safety of life and property which were but mere dreams in old times and who takes interest with a motherly regard in every concern of this vast empire. Is it not then our duty as loyal and affectionate subjects to do what we can by our humble but sincere and unaffected sympathy and condolence to mitigate the rigour of the below that has fallen upon her and the Royal Family.

Rao Saheb Manekial Rasikdas, Achratlal Shivlal, Seth Lalubhai Anopsi, and others delivered speeches in Guzerati, and the Head Munshi of the Urdu School, on behalf of the Mahomedan community, read an address in Hindustani. This was followed by the recitation of poems specially composed for the occasion by one Dayabhai Fattechand, which made a deep impression on the minds of the audience. It was then decided to convey the Resolution to the Collector of the District with a humble request that the same may be submitted to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress through the proper channel.

The proceedings of the meeting were then brought to a close with a short speech by the Post Master, Mr. J. E. Tamna, who, in proposing a vote of thanks to the chairman, said: When the darkest gloom is cast over India it is a melancholy satisfaction to reflect that though divided by long ranges of mountains, rivers, different castes, and creeds, when a proper occasion arises for the people to unite they rise like one man to express their sentiments whether they be of joy like the jubilee of her Majesty or of grief like the present for the death of one of the noblest Royal Princes. To her Majesty it would be a matter of great melancholy satisfaction to know our sentiments of grief. We share her grief and joy because we know full well that she also shares India's grief and joy, and is more anxious for our welfare than anyone else. I beg to propose a vote of thanks to our worthy chairman for his able conduct in the chair.

This being carried the meeting dispersed.

MEETING AT KHANDWA.

A monster meeting of the inhabitants of Khandwa, consisting of all classes of her Majesty's subjects, was held on the 18th, soon after the sad news of the death of Prince Albert Victor reached the town. People were grievously affected. Resolutions approving of public demonstrations of mourning were adopted, and communicated to her Gracious Majesty the Empress of India through the Chief Commissioner. The day of funeral (20th instant) was observed a close holiday, the bazars were closed, public prayers in mandirs by Hindoos, in mosques by Mahomedans, and in the fire-temples by the Parsis were held, and alms were distributed to the poor.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE death of Major-General Hales Wilkie is the first casualty that has occurred on the active list of General Officers since Lieutenant-General the Honourable Sir Leicester Smyth, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., died at Gibraltar on the 27th January last. Last year, it will be remembered, Major-General Robert R. Gillespie, C.B., died at Mhow, and in the previous year the active list lost Major-General C. Johnson, C.B., who died at Dublin in December 1889. The last two retirements from the list of general officers of cavalry and infantry were Major-General Hinxman, in June, and Major-General Rocke, C.B., in July, and as the last made vacancy was absorbed, promotion in succession to Major-General Hales Wilkie ensues. Major-General Degacher, C.B., who was the last-made promotion from the Colonel's list, was given his step by seniority, so that the rule of selection will now be put in force. During the year seniority steps have been given to Major-Generals F. Morley and Degacher, while selection has advanced Major-Generals Utterson, recently selected for a brigade at Aldershot, and T. E. A. Hall, who gives up the Mauritius command at the end of the financial year.

WE often hear (writes a Paris Correspondent) of servants attributing to the cat the crockery broken in the kitchen. A more terrible charge, that of setting a flat on fire, has been brought against Madame Jane Hading's well-known striped cat. This favourite of the actress sleeps in her bedroom. On the night of the 3rd instant when Madame Hading was at the theatre, smoke and then flames, were seen issuing from that room. After an hour's work the fire brigade got the fire under, but not until costly furniture, dresses, and jewels had been destroyed. The servants declare the cat must have upset a benzoline lamp which stood lighted on a table. An accident of the kind had once happened before, but the lamp being all but empty, no great harm was done.

ON Christmas Eve there died the oldest woman in Italy, at the age of 104 years. Maria Antonia Spada was born on the 1st August, 1787, at Sant' Anna di Foen, in Feltre. She married at the age of thirty, and had many children, of whom only three survive her, a widow seventy years of age, a man of 60, and a spinster of 50. Maria Spada was a milk woman, and worked hard till she was seventy years old assisting her son in his manufacture of rude carts. She preserved her sight to the end, and was of clear mind and cheerful spirits. She had never been in bed two days together in her life, not even when her children were born—" and, indeed, one often sees here," writes our Naples correspondent, "women going about quite actively the third day after the birth of a child. Maria Spada's ungratified ambition was to outlive this century."

THE abuses of the Army Pension system in America are graver even than appears from General Slocum's statistics. Enormous as the pension list already is, Congress is besieged every session so to change the laws as to increase the roll of pensioners. General Slocum expresses a fear that the tendency of these constant demands will be to lessen the esteem and affection which the American people have always felt for the veterans of the late war. A still stronger reason for checking these abuses is the danger of a reaction injurious to the many thousands of honest and deserving people whose names are now on the pension-roll.

A DISPUTE over the will of Mr. Louis C. Hammersley, first husband of the Duchess of Marlborough, which was thought to have been settled by the compromise arranged in May, 1890, is again revived. A suit has been brought before the Supreme Court on behalf of Mr. John Mason to set aside the conditions of the compromise. Mr. Hammersley died ten years ago and left an estate of the value of a million and a quarter pounds sterling. His will settled the interest of the whole upon his widow for her life. This will was disputed by his relatives, but they were unsuccessful, and it was admitted to probate. In the Court of Appeal the compromise mentioned was effected, but now it is all upset again and fresh litigation has begun.

THERE has just died in Posen, at the ripe-age of ninety, a man named Stanislaus v. Kaczynski. He was Adjutant to the Polish Revolutionary General Gielgud. Stanislaus took part in all the fighting in Poland in the year 1831. Seeking refuge in a distant land, he lived for many years in South America; and ultimately was allowed to return to his native place. His estates, valued at 500,000 thalers, had been confiscated. Kaczynski eked out a precarious existence as a Tagelohner, or day labourer.

GENERAL Slocum has furnished an effectual answer to the charge that the United States Government has been "mean and penurious" in the matter of granting pensions to the defenders of the Union in the great Civil War. It consists in a plain statement of facts and figures, from which it appears, that the number of these pensioned veterans has risen since 1865 from about eighty-six thousand to the enormous total of more than 676 thousand, representing in annual payments a rise from less than two millions sterling to nearly twenty-four millions. Yet the "Soldiers' Party," as they are called, are still grumbling at the Commissioner of Pensions. But, as General Slocum says, a man who can turn out pensions at the rate of upwards of a thousand a day, or more than two each minute during every working hour of the year, should not be too hastily condemned. Like the pianist, whom the visitors to the Californian drinking saloon were requested "not to shoot" he is evidently "doing his best." It is estimated that the pension-roll of the United States to-day is far greater than those of England, France, Germany, Russia, and Austria combined.

TEXAS, the greastest cotton-growing state of the American Union, has a population according to the last census of 2,235,523 against a little over a million and a half in 1880, an increase of 40 per cent. A bulletin just issued by the Department of the Interior at Washington shows the changes that have taken place in the size of a number of cities, the figures in some cases being remarkable. Galveston, the port of the state, no longer heads the list, having been outstripped by two interior cities, Dallas, which now counts 38,067, against a little over 10,000 in 1880, and San Antonio, which stands second with 37,673. Dallas, at present the leading city, commands a central position, and is situated in the midst of a rich agricultural country. Most of the English settlers in Texas are to be found in its neighbourhood. Galveston only musters 29,000 citizens, Houston, the great railroad centre, follows closely after. The most wonderful growth is shown by El Paso, on the Mexican frontier, which, from being a village of 736 inhabitants, has now risen to the dignity of a city with 10,338, having increased thirteenfold.

FOR some time past the little town of Poix, in the north of France, has been the scene, at frequent intervals, of serious fires. That they were the work of an incendiary was suspected, but the culprit escaped detection owing to the fact that no motive could be assigned for his crimes. The secret is out at last. It seems that in Poix, as in many other small towns in France, the drink shops are allowed to remain open all night whenever an alarm of fire occurs, the theory being that the firemen and others who help to put it out need refreshment. This being so, a fireman named Leon Bremont, thirty-two years of age, deliberately set fire to houses in order that he might have the privilege of carousing in prohibited hours. Incredible as it may seem that this was his motive, there can be little doubt upon the point, Bremont having confessed.

FOLLOWING hard upon the report of the death of Marguerite Gueringer, the rich beggar of the Rue de Commune, Paris, who, despite her rags and wretched way of life, was possessed of 25,000 francs, comes the announcement of the demise of another alms receiver at Brieg, in Germany. This woman had in her possession at her decease some 75*l.* in hard cash. On a close inspection of her wretched apartment, an old cushion was found full of thalers and mark pieces.

THE Namhoi magistrate and the Fan-fu seized a foreign warehouse in Fatshan containing about $5,000 worth of merchandise upon all of which full duty had been paid. Two Christian employes were dragged in irons through Fatshan on two successive days for having been in the service of "foreign devils." This is part of a combined effort by the Canton officials to stamp out the use of the transit pass on the Southern rivers, and to absolutely exclude foreigners from direct trade with the interior. This high-handed violation of treaty rights calls for action of a decided kind.

THE *Daily News* correspondent at Monte Carlo writes:—In 1886 the Prince of Monaco started in his yacht, the Hirondelle, accompanied by Professor G. Pouchet, with the object of discovering the exact direction of the Gulf Stream. Upon arriving in the Stream he caused numbers of small bottles to be thrown overboard, containing a request, printed in nine languages, to the finder to return the bottle, with enclosure, to the French Government. Nothing had been heard of these bottles until a few days back, when news reached here that one of the bottles had just been discovered at Runaway Bay, Jamaica.

IN an article on "Costume in the Victorian Era," suggested by the representations of Royal weddings, christenings, and similar pageants now exhibited in the New Gallery, a writer in the *Manchester Guardian* says:—In the portraits taken at eleven, thirteen, and fourteen years of age, the little Princess Victoria wears white with a scarf of pink, or blue round the shoulders, and the girlish dress has not been abandoned by the young Queen when she holds her first Council at Kensington Palace in 1837, and appears a pretty youthful figure, in soft flowing muslin, with long full sleeves and a frilled cape over the low bodice. The coronation, a year later, marks a new epoch. Simplicity has disappeared, to be revived no more for fifty years, and in its place we find redundant ornaments of every kind. In an equestrian portrait of the following year we have an example of the riding-dress then in vogue. The Queen is represented in a dark, full-skirted habit, with an open coat bodice; a ruffled Byronic collar falls back from the throat, and is fastened by a loosely-knotted blue bandkerchief; and a high crowned beaver hat of curious shape, with long floating veil completes a costume which contrasts strangely with the severe tailor-built garments and masculine shirt fronts of modern days.

THE wills announced during the week include those of:—Mr. Alfred Henry Haggis, deputy-chairman of the London County Council, £8,979; of Mr. John Archer Houblon, D.L. and J.P. (High Sheriff for Essex in 1840), £23,817; of Mrs. Suzanne Pandeli Argenti, £99,168; of Mr. Everett Gray, of the Stock Exchange, £94,352; of Mr. Thomas Nunn Debenham, of the firm of Debenham, Tewson, and Co., surveyor, £28,319; of Mr. Thomas Philip Parr, late of Upper Belgrave-street and Killiechronan, Island of Mull, £187,000; of the Rev. Henry Back, formerly of Banbury, Oxon, and late of Palace-gardens-terrace, £100,000; of Mr. Henry White Castle, formerly of Abchurch-chambers, Abchurch-lane, timber merchant, £73,000; of Mr. Alexander Drysdale, £32,000; and of Maj.-Gen. John Lindredge Elgee, retired R.A., £13,000, the testator leaving £3,000, upon trust, for his wife, Mrs. Margaret Elgee, for life; the Dundalk property, which he hold in fee farm under the Earl of Roden, to his son, John William Lindredge Elgee; and the residue of his property to his two sons, the said John William Lindredge and Percy Edmond.

Apropos of the German Emperor's remarks respecting the neglect of dancing by young officers at the Court balls (See Foreign Intelligence) a Berlin correspondent writes:—This alleged utterance is, of course, much talked about in society here, and meets with the unanimous sympathy at least of the ladies. The Emperor, when still Prince William, repeatedly criticised the bad dancing at Court balls, saying that the officers did not possess that elegance and ability which formerly distinguished them. He also found it worthy of reproach that young gentlemen at private balls often showed no desire to dance, but preferred to spend their time in the supper room or at cards. The late Prince Charles expressed himself in a similar manner. Upon one occasion at a ball he saw a young officer stumble. The Prince was going to send the unfortunate young fellow off home at once, but was stopped by the intercession of the then Crown Prince. This, however, did not prevent the Prince giving the officer a lecture on dancing. At Court balls it is certainly necessary to have a sure-footed dancer who understands how to guide his partner through the maze of trains and dancers. Formerly young officers had sometimes to undergo a regular examination by their elder comrades, generally in single dances round the billiard-table, before they were allowed to dance at Court.

MR. GOSCHEN was (the *Daily Telegraph* says) the other night confronted with a novel and startling argument against his £1 note proposal. At a dinner-party the Chancellor of the Exchequer was introduced to a well-known financier of the City, who is an active member of a large banking firm, and asked him his opinion respecting the £1 note scheme, to which Mr. Goschen is just now, even in the holiday season, devoting a great deal of thought. "Oh, it will never do," replied the City man. "Nobody in our set likes it. Personally I think it is a mistake altogether." "Why?" asked Mr. Goschen eagerly, expecting to find some argument adduced, which his ingenuity would be able to demolish, and thus convert a foe into a friend. "Well, you see," answered the financier, "you can toss with a sovereign, but you can't with a £1 note." Mr. Goschen looked at the gentleman reproachfully.

THE late Lord Lytton, when he wanted to have his joke at the expense of the extravagances of the original promoters of the Crystal Palace, said that they seemed determined not to spoil the ship for the sake of twenty thousand pounds' worth of tar. The present generation, however—for this was well-nigh forty years ago—enjoy substantial advantages from their generous expenditure, as Mr. Arthur Montefiore reminds us in his article on this subject in the *Educational Review*. The list of pupils taught in the engineering school who are now occupying distinguished posts as engineers in various parts of the world is very striking. If appears that the women students in literature, science, and art alone now number 500, and they have come out well in the public examinations. In art especially the Palace is distinguished. By a special arrangement in the early days of the Palace's history, casts were taken of the master-pieces of the great sculptors of Europe; all the famous galleries contributed of their best, and no less than £40,000 was spent in taking the casts. Thousands of pounds were also expended in reproducing all the styles of architecture known to history, in reproducing consummate examples of design. This was some of the "tar" so sarcastically referred to. In mural decoration and in domestic styles, the collection at the Palace is very rich; and both in pigments and stone the examples are believed to be really unrivalled for completeness and representative character.

THE death of Colonel Shadwell Clarke will be regretted by his old comrades who remember the alert, cheerful, diligent young Fusilier, and his excellent qualities as a soldier in the Crimea; but far beyond that limited and fast narrowing circle the news of his decease, "killed at his post by the fog," will have been heard with deep regret by tens of thousands of the Masonic body, who never saw him, and knew him only by his works—by the great body of which he was a most zealous, valued, and able officer, from the Prince of Wales, the Chief, to the apprentice. He did not "carry the colours of the regiment at the Alma." The 21st were not engaged in that action, though they lost one man by a stray shot. As to "the brilliant assault" on the Redan, though the adjective is not justified by an attack which was unsuccessful, Shadwell Clarke's share in it was conspicuous enough to deserve mention in the list of officers in Lord Raglan's despatch of June 23, and his conduct in the field during the memorable siege was most distinguished. He was carried to his rest with all honours during Christmas week.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 23.

Weedi, Capt, Bengal, R E, on transfer, from Aden.
Murray, Lieut, Bo, R E, on duty, from Kurrachee.
Atkinson, Lt, Bengal, R E, on leave, from Quetta.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 24.

Fenn, 2nd-Lt, Burmah, Norfolk Regt, on duty, to Rangoon.

JANUARY 26.

Penton, Major, Bo, Inspector A Signalling, on duty, to Poona.
McTaggart, 2nd-Lt, Bo Lanc Fus, to join, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 27th January, 1892.

1. The proficiency class will meet as follows:—
To-day and To-morrow | 6-30 p.m.—Fort Head-quarters.
Friday, at 8-45 p.m.—Nesbit Road Head-quarters.
2. There will be 10" R. M. L. Gun drill at the Nesbit Road Head-Quarters as follows:—
To-day, 8-45 p.m., Corpl Marsland's detachment.
To-morrow, 5-45 p.m., Sergt Hoyle's detachment.
3. There will be class firing at Cooria on Friday next, the 29th instant. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time), and Byculla 10 minutes later.
4. On Saturday next, the 30th instant, both Companies will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to Pilot Bunder, Colaba; No. 2 Company to continue the annual course of gun target practice; and No. 1 Company for 10" R. M. L. gun drill at Colaba North Fort. Dress:—Drill Order.
5. On Sunday next, the 31st instant, the Corps will fall in at the Sir Richard Temple Statue, at 5-30 p.m., for Church Parade. Dress:—Full Dress (side arms only).
6. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Corps from the 26th instant and posted to No. 2 Sub-division of No. 2 Company:—No. 280 Gr. T. Reed.

By order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 27th January, 1892.

1. The Regiment will parade on Saturday, the 30th instant, at 5 p.m., at the Cruickshank Road, end of the Parade Ground. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road and Girgaum at 4 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors and producing their Tram Tickets.
2. The Regiment will fall in for Church Parade in front of the Gymkhana, at 5 p.m., on Sunday, the 31st instant. Red uniform, helmets and side arms.
3. The following dates are fixed for "D" Company Shooting Team:—
"Wyer Cup" Competition, final practice on Thursday, the 28th instant, and Competition on Wednesday, the 3rd February.
4. Non-Commissioned Officers and Volunteers desirous of attending the class of Instruction for Proficiency certificates are requested to send their names to the Adjutant not later than the 31st instant.
5. "A" Coy. class firing will commence on Monday, the 1st February, and close on Saturday, the 7th Idem. Any member not completing his class firing within the prescribed time, and not being efficient, will not be eligible for Captain Baird's prizes.
6. Extract from District and Garrison Orders:—No. 946,—Volunteers (Drill Instructors)—No. 1733 Lc-Corpl T Cotton, 2nd Battn Royal Lancaster Regiment, arrived for duty as Drill Instructor, Bombay Volunteer Rifles, will be attached to the Colaba Depot.
7. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from this date and posted to "B" Company:—No. 3204 Vol. J. W. Lawrence, No. 3235 Vol. J. Lawrance, No. 3236 Vol. H. Craggs, and No. 3207 Vol F. Clapham.
8. The following dates are fixed for "B" Company shooting Team:—Wyer Cup competition final practice on the 29th instant; and competition on the 1st February. "Bayley shield" competition on the 11th February.

By order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major
and Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Rifles.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, January 21.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Govr-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Charles H Hill, Barrister-at-Law, Public Prosecutor to the Government of the N-W Provinces and Oudh, to officiate as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal during the absence on furlough of the Hon. A Wilson.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to authorize the affiliation of St John's College, Jaffna, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the F.A. Standard.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps:—Col P Fitz G Gallway, R A, Insptr-Genl of Ordnance, Eastern Circle, Bengal, for 9 months; Capt C B Brownlow, S C, Wing Officer, 1st Punjab Infy, Punjab Frontier Force, for one year; and Lieut H D Watson, S C, Wing Officer, 2nd Battn, 2nd (Prince of Wales Own) Gurkha (Rifle) Regt (The Sirmoor Rifles) for one year.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay—Sub-Cond Frederick Ford, Assist Overseer, Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirki, to be conductor, seconded; Sub-Cond J Sommerville, to be Conductor; Store Serg R Walmsley, to be Sub-Conductor, vice Counductor A Boyce, transferred to the pension establishment.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Appointments Assam Valley Mounted Rifles—Mr St George Atkinson Showers, to be Second-Lieut vice Davidson, promoted.

Promotions.—Assam Valley Mounted Rifles—Major Arthur William Blacker Kirwan, to be Lieut-Col, to complete the establishment; Capt T Henderson (late Nowgong Mounted Rifles), to be Major, vice Kirwan promoted. Capt C J Ghowan, (late Sibsagar Mounted Rifles), to be Major, to complete the establishment. Lieut C T Jessop (late Sibsagar Mounted Rifles), to be Capt, vice Lumsden, promoted; Lieut G A Dolby (late Darrang Mounted Rifles), to be Captain, vice Henderson, promoted; Lieut F Lloyd (late Nowgong Mounted Rifles) to be Captain, vice Showers, promoted; Second Lieut R D Davidson (late Darrang Mounted Rifles), to be Lieut, vice Jessop, promoted; Second-Lieut A D Turnbull (late Sibsagar Mounted Rifles), to be Lieut vice Dolby promoted; Second-Lieut D J Macrae (late Sibsagar, Mounted Rifles), to be Lieut. vice Lloyd, promoted; Second-Lieut A W Madden (late Lakhimpur Mounted Rifles), to the Lieut, to complete the establishment.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Appointments.—Lieut D Brady, R E, is appointed to the Military Works Dept as an Assistant Engr, 2nd grade, supernumerary.

The following promotions are made, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Staff Corps.—Lieut to be Captains, dated 22nd January 1892.—A B Mayne, P J Gordon, C E Johnstone, F C Colomb, F V Whittall, S H B Hobbs, H A Browning, A L Phillips, L Herbert, H Trevor, G W Rawlins, A B C Williams, W A Cuppage, J O S Fayrer, K Chesney, G R Row, H L Dodgeon, A A J Johnstone, L C H Stanforth, F O Anderson, and L W Shakespear.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr F N Qaiolan, Examiner of Accounts, is, on return from leave, appointed Examiner of Guaranteed Railway Accounts, Bombay, vice Col C M Moberly, MSC, Examiner of Accounts, proceeding on furlough.

Mr G P Rose, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, sub protem, will officiate in class I of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways while acting as Deputy Manager of the North-Western Railway.

Mr W F O'Donoghue is appointed Examiner of Accounts, Mari-Attack Extension Railway and Frontier Railway Survey.

Mr A S Gerrard, Ex Engr, 2nd grade, State Railways is, on return from leave, posted to the establishment under the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment on railways.

Mr A S Wyman, class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Dept, has been granted, by H M's Secy of State for India, extraordinary leave without pay for one week, in extension.

Mr C W Hodson, Ex Engr, 1st grade, sub pro tem. State Railways, is appointed Supt of Way and Works, N W Railway, Quetta, with the rank of Supt of Works, from the date of joining the appointment.

Mr W G Bligh, Ex Engr, 3rd grade, N W Provinces and Oudh, temporarily employed in Burma, is transferred permanently to that province.

GENERAL ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office Simla, 16th January 1892.

The Commander-in-Chief in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

3rd Bengal Cavalry.—Lieut F C C Bleckley, Leinster Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be officiating squadron officer on probation.

11th Bengal Lancers:—2nd Lieut W H Norman, Royal Warwickshire Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be offg squadron officer on probation.

13th Bengal Infantry.—Lieut F C S P Samborne, Bedfordshire Regt, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be offg wing officer on probation.

37th Dogras.—Lieut A B London, Royal Warwickshire Regt, a candidate for the India Staff Corps, to be officiating wing officer on probation.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Capt H F Pakenham, King's Royal Rifle Corps, is directed to proceed to England to join

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

Capt. W. F. Peel, inventor of what is now known as the magazine rifle attachment for cavalry, left England for India on the 8th January in order to make an attempt to secure the adoption of the new system by either the regular or irregular mounted troops in that country. It may be remembered that the captain's plan is to attach a rifle beneath the horse, so that the muzzle projects between the animal's forelegs, from which position it is fired by the trooper when charging infantry. Capt. Peel and several military experts claim that with such a weapon delivering a fairly accurate fire at short ranges into foot soldiers, cavalry would invariably succeed in breaking them up. Viscount Wolseley appointed a Committee to report upon the experiments with the weapon at The Curragh, but the result was stated to be rather unsatisfactory. Capt. Peel, however, anticipates better success in the Bombay Presidency.

France has recently been very unfortunate with her torpedo-boats. A singular accident has happened in the neighbourhood of Toulon to No. 127 (80 tons), which was seriously damaged by her screw fouling with a telegraphic cable washed up by a heavy sea. This cable turned out to be the one connecting Toulon with Ajaccio, only recently laid; and, during the two days required for its repair, communication with Corsica had to be carried on by the Nice and Bastia cable. An accident has also happened to the No. 103, which is a boat of the unhappy 35-metre type constructed in the time of Admiral Aube, concerning which so much has been said. In company with No. 126 she was proceeding from Mentone to Toulon, when she struck upon the Boude rock in endeavouring to pass between it and the land. She was seriously damaged, but was towed off by her consort to the Bay of Agay, where she sank in 23 ft. of water. At the last report energetic efforts were being made to float her. This accident cannot, it is true, be laid to the charge of the defective type; but from L'orient we learn that a sister boat, No. 77, has turned keel uppermost near that port. It is certainly explained that trials of her stability were, at the moment, being carried too far. The twenty-five men on board of her had, in fact, been instructed to move in a body rapidly from one side to the other, so as to impart a rolling motion to the boat, and this was done so vigorously that at length she heeled right over. No lives were lost.

A discussion has arisen between the *International Review* of Dresdon and the *Yacht* in regard to Canet guns, the former maintaining that they have been regarded too favourably, not only in France but in England, and that they are, in fact, inferior to Krupp guns. Our Parisian contemporary points out that Greece adopted Canet guns for her new men-of-war in 1887, that the Japanese *Itsukushima*, *Matsushima* and *Hashidate* are armed with them, that Admiral Latorre's Chilian Commission adopted them, so that the *Presidente Pinto* is even now receiving such guns, that Russia has accepted them, and lastly that France herself is about to arm the *Bouvine's* with them. We learn, indeed, from another source, that M. Barbey has placed a further order for ten Canet quick-firing with the Forges et Chantiers. The *Yacht* refers also to the Armstrong quick-firing guns, which as will be remembered, were purchased by M. Barbey for the purpose of trial, and says that they were sensibly inferior to the transformed quick-firing guns of the French Navy, and very inferior to Canet guns of the same calibre. In reference to heavy guns, the *Yacht* clearly shows that some of the German criticisms are irrational, and maintains that Canet guns are demonstrably superior to Krupp guns in initial velocity and flatness of trajectory. Certainly the figures given are very striking.

Major-General C. B. Knowles, C.B., has been offered the command of the Malta Brigade, vacant by the death of Major-General Wilkie. He was born August 14,1835, joined the Army February 20, 1855, became colonel August 29, 1881, and major-general October 11, 1890. After passing the Staff College in December, 1864, he was a brigade-major at Aldershot November, 1868. to November, 1871; D.A.A. and Q.M.G. Northern District August, 1882, to March, 1886, and adjutant-general Bombay Army April, 1886, to November, 1890. Served in the Crimean Campaign, 1855, siege and fall of Sebastopol, assault of the Redan on September 8—wounded (medal with clasp, Turkish medal) in the Afghan War, 1878-80, Battle of Charasiah and Doaba affairs around Cabul, and retirement on Sherpore—twice mentioned in despatches (medal with two clasps and C.B.). There is a good account of the splendid order in which General Knowles had his regiment (the old 67th) at Cabul in the "Life of Sir Charles Macgregor," who thought very highly of him, as does also the Duke of Connaught, on whose staff he served afterwards at Bombay.

In the *Fortnightly* Sir Charles Dilke in an article on "The Conservative Foreign Policy" again refers to this question of defence. He is of opinion that the only two Powers in the world which can do us harm are France and Russia: France because her maritime enterprise would enable her in case of war to imperil our trade; and Russia, because by moving a few men in Central Asia she can force us to spend so much money upon Indian Military preparation as to jeopardise our hold on India. The chief danger is, he thinks, an eventual advance by Russia on the North-West portion of India, but he admits also that in the event of a coalition against us of France and Russia there is peril to our sea-borne trade. He quotes the French Naval Estimates as showing that during the year 1892 they will have thirty efficient armour-clads fit for immediate service against thirty-one of ours; while they will have actually in barracks more trained men than we have, with a vast superiority in torpedo squadrons.

Finally, he contends that, as matters stand, in the event of a single-handed war with France, we should be unable to hold the Mediterranean, could only mask the French fleets at Gibraltar, and might find ourselves forced to undertake dangerous expeditions for the relief of Malta, while Cyprus must be given up and the Suez Canal and Red Sea sealed; at the same time France intends to continue to build ships in sufficient numbers to prevent us from carrying out our traditional policy of blockade. By blockade, we presume, he means in the sense that Nelson and Collingwood blockaded. He urges healthy and prudent negotiation with France by the settlement of all dangerous pending difficulties between the countries, and, after this, a strict, neutrality. Inasmuch as Sir Charles acknowledges that, even were this policy maintained, it would not carry with it the possibility of a saving in naval armament, and warns his Liberal friends to dismiss from their minds the possibility of any such reduction of naval expenditure as some of them contemplate, we may hope that he is at last obtaining a clearer insight into our naval needs than was apparent in some of his earlier writings.

In his recent denunciations of the Army, Mr. Arnold Forster omitted to mention—possibly he was unaware of the fact—that during the past year the Reserve had increased by upwards of nine thousand men. The return now before us gives some indications of the effect of the territorial system upon recruiting, which is undoubtedly of value. For example, rather more than a thousand of the 67,000 Reserve men have served in the Royal Sussex regiment, which sufficiently proves the popularity of that corps, whereas many other regiments have passed only half their numbers into the Reserve. The popularity of a regiment, however, would not of itself account for this discrepancy, and the authorities might with advantage consider the reasons that have led to the briskness of recruiting for the Royal Sussex.

Sir Redvers Buller, adjutant-general, has officially notified the following changes in constitution of the First Army Corps. The 1st batt. Derbyshire Regt. (Sherwood Foresters), which has just moved from Devonport to Colchester, drops out of the First Army Corps, its place being taken by the 4th batt. Rifle Brigade from Parkhurst. The 1st batt. Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt., which has gone to Malta, and the 2nd batt. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders to India, are removed from the First Army Corps, the vacancies being filled by the 1st batt. Royal Sussex Regt. at Dublin, and the 1st batt. Lincolnshire Regt. at Aldershot, the place of the latter on the lines of communication in the event of a foreign expedition being sent out, being taken by the 1st batt. King's Royal Lancaster Regt., also at Aldershot. The 1st King's Own Scottish Borderers, Devonport, comes into the First Army Corps.

Acting on Admiralty instructions, big-gun practice off Plymouth recommenced on Tuesday, January 5, for the first time since the *Plucky* disaster. A mixed committee of officials representing the Board of Trade and the Admiralty is to be appointed to investigate the conditions under which practice can be most safely carried on by seamen of the fleet near the coast. A scheme for establishing a school of naval gunnery at Sheerness has seriously alarmed the fishermen of the Thames and the skippers of all vessels and barges that navigate the Thames estuary. The target practice carried on from the Garrison Point Battery at present is full of danger, and any scheme to augment the risks already run will have to run the gauntlet of the weightiest opposition.

NOTICES.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness; Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes.

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medicine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England—in boxes 9½d., 1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d. each, with which full directions are given.

Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers everywhere.

Sole Agents for India:

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Wholesale Depôt, 35, Clive Street, Calcutta, and Sirdar's Building, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

NOTICE.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates:—

9½d. size, 8 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 12 annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

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BLAIR'S GOUT & RHEUMATIC PILLS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR

Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, & Neuralgia.

The acute pain is quickly relieved and cured in a few days by this celebrated Medicine.

These Pills, which are perfectly harmless, require no restraint of diet during their use, and are certain to prevent the disease attacking any vital part.

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Worth its Weight in Gold

ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT POTASH

COOLING! INVIGORATING! APPETISING!

Sims Reeves says:—"*This preparation is a great boon, a pple, refreshing and efficacious. Prevents and cures Indigestion. A natural Tonic and most pleasant drink.*"

Mdme. Marie Roze (The renowned Singer) says:—"*I have used your Effervescent Potash with remarkable results. It is really wonderful. It purifies the blood and preserves the beautiful bloom of youth.*"

A positive relief and cure for

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Gout	Headaches
Indigestion	Loss of Appetite
Impure Blood	Nervous Depression
Sluggish Liver	Sleeplessness
Skin Diseases	Enlarged Spleen

Full directions on each bottle.

Taken as an aperient two tea-spoonfuls in a tumbler of water (tepid) will be found mild, effective, and agreeable, and lasting without force or strain unlike the effect of a dose of Pills.

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A Health-giving, Refreshing, Cooling, Sparkling, and Invigorating Summer Beverage, or for any Season, and a Gentle Laxative and Tonic in the various forms of Indigestion.

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Invaluable to Residents in HOT COUNTRIES.

Is the best Preventive and Cure for

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Skin Eruptions.	Pimples on the Face.
Constipation.	Vomiting.
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IN GOLDEN TINS. THE BEST BRAND.

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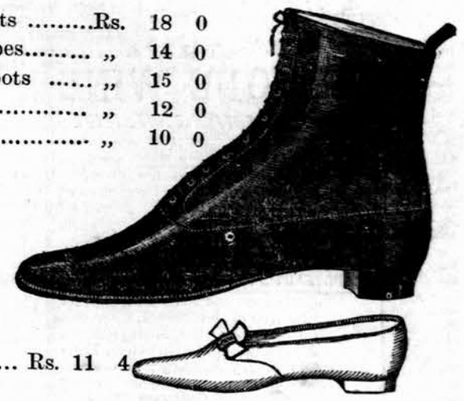

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Showing that direful disease to be Curable in all its stages,

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SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INDIA

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TO CURE

Indigestion: Give Appetite and Tone: Ward off Fever.

Try them! Do not suffer unnecessarily!!!

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It is a skilfully-prepared combination of the most powerful alteratives and tonics. No other blood-purifier gives equal satisfaction or is so universally in demand.

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Julien's Fruit Purgative is exclusively a vegetable composition and has the appearance and taste of a delicious Bon-Bon. It is perfectly harmless, and is the best remedy for

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Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

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This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

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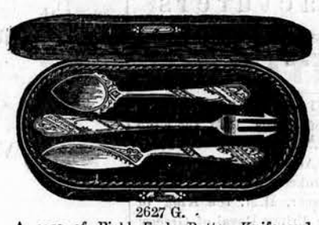

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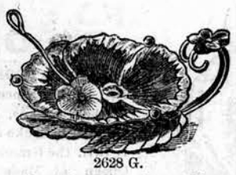

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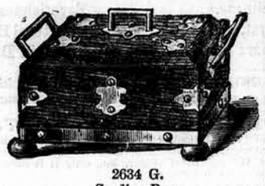

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IS A LIGHT, STRONG, PORTABLE CANVAS COT,

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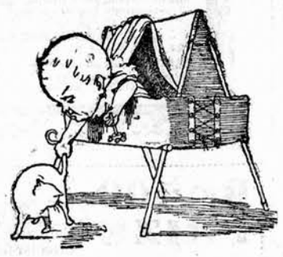

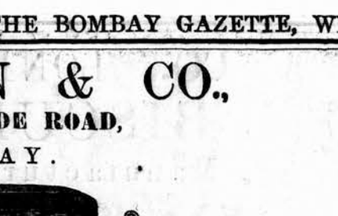

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LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION.

To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. *March 8th*, 1878.

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CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsuels and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

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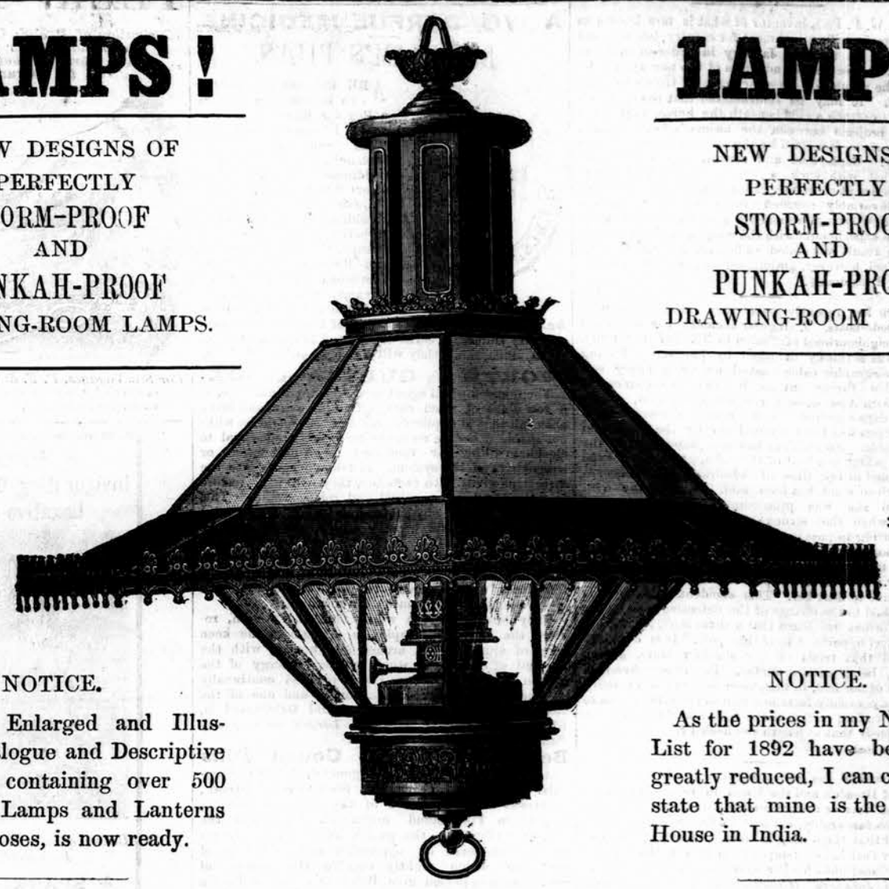

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